

SENATE BILL NO. 57

INTRODUCED BY K. GILLAN

BY REQUEST OF THE EDUCATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT INTERIM COMMITTEE

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING THE LAWS RELATING TO SPECIAL DISTRICTS; ALLOWING FOR THE CREATION OF SPECIAL DISTRICTS BY LOCAL GOVERNMENTS WORKING INDIVIDUALLY AND JOINTLY; ESTABLISHING UNIFORM STANDARDS FOR THE CREATION, ADMINISTRATION, AND OPERATION OF SPECIAL DISTRICTS BY GOVERNING BODIES AND ELECTED OR APPOINTED BOARDS; ELIMINATING SPECIFIC PROVISIONS RELATING TO CEMETERY DISTRICTS, COUNTY MUSEUMS, FACILITIES FOR THE ARTS, MUSEUM DISTRICTS, COUNTY PARK DISTRICTS, COUNTY FAIR COMMISSIONS, COUNTY FAIR DISTRICTS, MULTICOUNTY FAIR DISTRICTS, ~~HOSPITAL DISTRICTS~~, JOINT SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS, LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS, MOSQUITO CONTROL DISTRICTS, MULTIJURISDICTIONAL SERVICE DISTRICTS, PARK MAINTENANCE DISTRICTS, ROAD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS, RODENT CONTROL DISTRICTS, ~~RURAL FIRE DISTRICTS~~, SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT DISTRICTS, AND TELEVISION DISTRICTS; GRANTING RULEMAKING AUTHORITY; AMENDING SECTIONS 7-1-201, 7-1-202, ~~7-2-4734, 7-3-122, 7-3-1345, 7-4-2711, 7-6-204, 7-6-621, 7-6-2512~~, 7-6-2527, 7-7-2101, 7-11-1102, 7-11-1112, 7-13-2511, 7-13-2512, 7-14-2138, 7-16-2105, 7-16-2109, 7-21-3411, 7-22-2512, ~~7-33-2403, 7-34-2122, 7-34-2201, 7-34-2417, 10-3-202, 10-3-209, 10-3-902, 10-3-1103~~, 15-6-201, 20-15-403, ~~40-6-402, 46-18-261, 50-10-101, 50-16-701, 50-60-205, 50-60-301, 50-78-102, 50-78-103, 53-6-106~~, 53-30-503, ~~61-8-102~~, AND 70-30-102, ~~76-13-104, AND 90-7-104~~, MCA; REPEALING SECTIONS 7-11-1101, 7-11-1105, 7-11-1106, 7-11-1107, 7-11-1111, 7-12-4001, 7-13-201, 7-13-202, 7-13-203, 7-13-204, 7-13-205, 7-13-206, 7-13-207, 7-13-208, 7-13-209, 7-13-210, 7-13-211, 7-13-212, 7-13-213, 7-13-215, 7-13-216, 7-13-217, 7-13-218, 7-13-231, 7-13-232, 7-13-233, 7-13-234, 7-13-235, 7-13-236, 7-13-237, 7-13-301, 7-13-302, 7-13-303, 7-13-304, 7-13-305, 7-13-306, 7-13-307, 7-13-308, 7-13-309, 7-13-310, 7-13-311, 7-13-2501, 7-13-2502, 7-13-2503, 7-13-2504, 7-13-2505, 7-13-2506, 7-13-2507, 7-13-2508, 7-13-2509, 7-13-2510, 7-13-2521, 7-13-2527, 7-13-2528, 7-13-2529, 7-13-2541, 7-13-2542, 7-14-2701, 7-14-2702, 7-14-2703, 7-14-2704, 7-14-2705, 7-14-2706, 7-14-2707, 7-14-2708, 7-14-2709, 7-14-2710, 7-14-2711, 7-14-2712, 7-14-2713, 7-14-2714, 7-14-2715, 7-14-2716, 7-14-2717, 7-14-2718, 7-14-2719, 7-14-2720, 7-14-2721, 7-14-2731, 7-14-2732, 7-14-2733, 7-14-2734, 7-14-2735, 7-14-2736, 7-14-2737, 7-14-2738, 7-14-2739, 7-14-2740, 7-14-2741, 7-14-2742, 7-14-2743, 7-14-2744, 7-14-2745, 7-14-2746, 7-14-2751,

1 7-14-2752, 7-14-2753, 7-14-2754, 7-14-2755, 7-14-2756, 7-14-2757, 7-14-2758, 7-14-2759, 7-14-2760,
2 7-14-2761, 7-14-2762, 7-14-2763, 7-14-2901, 7-14-2902, 7-14-2903, 7-14-2907, 7-14-2908, 7-16-2201,
3 7-16-2202, 7-16-2203, 7-16-2205, 7-16-2211, 7-16-2212, 7-16-2213, 7-16-2214, 7-16-2215, 7-16-2216,
4 7-16-2217, 7-16-2218, 7-16-2219, 7-16-2401, 7-16-2402, 7-16-2403, 7-16-2411, 7-16-2412, 7-16-2413,
5 7-16-2421, 7-16-2422, 7-16-2423, 7-16-2431, 7-16-2433, 7-16-2441, 7-16-2442, 7-16-2443, 7-21-3401,
6 7-21-3406, 7-21-3407, 7-21-3408, 7-21-3409, 7-21-3410, 7-21-3412, 7-21-3413, 7-21-3421, 7-21-3422,
7 7-21-3423, 7-21-3424, 7-21-3425, 7-21-3426, 7-21-3427, 7-21-3428, 7-21-3429, 7-21-3430, 7-21-3431,
8 7-21-3432, 7-21-3433, 7-21-3434, 7-21-3435, 7-21-3451, 7-21-3452, 7-21-3453, 7-21-3454, 7-21-3455,
9 7-21-3456, 7-21-3457, 7-21-3458, 7-22-2207, 7-22-2208, 7-22-2209, 7-22-2210, 7-22-2211, 7-22-2212,
10 7-22-2213, 7-22-2214, 7-22-2215, 7-22-2216, 7-22-2221, 7-22-2222, 7-22-2223, 7-22-2224, 7-22-2225,
11 7-22-2226, 7-22-2231, 7-22-2232, 7-22-2233, 7-22-2401, 7-22-2402, 7-22-2403, 7-22-2405, 7-22-2408,
12 7-22-2409, 7-22-2410, 7-22-2411, 7-22-2415, 7-22-2416, 7-22-2417, 7-22-2418, 7-22-2419, 7-22-2420,
13 7-22-2431, 7-22-2432, 7-22-2433, 7-22-2434, 7-22-2441, 7-22-2442, 7-22-2443, 7-22-2444, 7-22-2445,
14 7-22-2446, 7-22-2447, 7-22-2448, ~~7-33-2101, 7-33-2102, 7-33-2103, 7-33-2104, 7-33-2105, 7-33-2106,~~
15 ~~7-33-2107, 7-33-2108, 7-33-2109, 7-33-2110, 7-33-2111, 7-33-2120, 7-33-2125, 7-33-2126, 7-33-2127,~~
16 ~~7-33-2128, 7-33-2129, 7-33-2141, 7-33-2142, 7-33-2143, 7-33-2144, 7-34-2101, 7-34-2102, 7-34-2103,~~
17 ~~7-34-2104, 7-34-2105, 7-34-2106, 7-34-2107, 7-34-2108, 7-34-2109, 7-34-2110, 7-34-2111, 7-34-2112,~~
18 ~~7-34-2113, 7-34-2114, 7-34-2115, 7-34-2116, 7-34-2117, 7-34-2118, 7-34-2119, 7-34-2120, 7-34-2121,~~
19 ~~7-34-2123, 7-34-2131, 7-34-2132, 7-34-2133, 7-34-2137, 7-34-2138, 7-34-2151, 7-34-2152, 7-34-2153,~~
20 ~~7-34-2154, 7-34-2155, 7-34-2156, 7-34-2157, 7-34-2158, 7-34-2159, 7-34-2160, 7-34-2161, 7-34-2162,~~
21 ~~7-34-2163, 7-34-2164,~~ 7-35-101, 7-35-102, 7-35-2101, 7-35-2102, 7-35-2103, 7-35-2104, 7-35-2105, 7-35-2106,
22 7-35-2107, 7-35-2108, 7-35-2109, 7-35-2110, 7-35-2111, 7-35-2112, 7-35-2113, 7-35-2114, 7-35-2115,
23 7-35-2116, 7-35-2121, 7-35-2122, 7-35-2123, 7-35-2124, 7-35-2125, 7-35-2201, 7-35-2202, 7-35-4101,
24 7-35-4103, 7-35-4105, 7-35-4106, 7-35-4107, 7-35-4108, AND 7-35-4109, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
25 EFFECTIVE DATE."

26
27 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

28
29 NEW SECTION. **Section 1. Purpose.** The purpose of [sections 1 through 20] is to allow for the creation
30 and governance of special districts.

1

2 **NEW SECTION. Section 2. Definitions.** As used in [sections 1 through 20], the following definitions
3 apply:

4 (1) "Governing body" means the legislative authority of a local government.

5 (2) "Local government" means a city, town, county, or consolidated city-county government or any
6 combination of these acting jointly.

7 (3) (a) "Special district" means a unit of local government that is authorized by law to perform a single
8 function or a limited number of functions.

9 (b) The term includes but is not limited to cemetery districts, museum districts, park districts, fair districts,
10 ~~hospital districts~~, solid waste districts, local improvement districts, mosquito control districts, multijurisdictional
11 districts, road districts, rodent control districts, ~~rural fire districts~~, television districts, and districts created for any
12 public or governmental purpose not specifically prohibited by law. The term also includes any district or other
13 entity formed to perform a single or limited number of functions by interlocal agreement.

14 (c) The term does not include business improvement districts, cattle protective districts, conservancy
15 districts, conservation districts, water and sewer districts, planning and zoning districts, drainage districts, grazing
16 districts, HOSPITAL DISTRICTS, irrigation districts, library districts, livestock protective committees, parking districts,
17 resort area districts, rural improvement districts, special improvement districts, lighting districts, RURAL FIRE
18 DISTRICTS, street maintenance districts, tax increment financing districts, urban transportation districts, water
19 conservation and flood control projects, and weed management districts.

20

21 **NEW SECTION. Section 3. Authorization to create special districts.** (1) Whenever the public
22 convenience and necessity may require:

23 (a) the governing body may create a special district to serve the inhabitants of the special district; or

24 (b) petitioners may initiate the creation of a special district to serve inhabitants of the special district.

25 (2) (a) Subject to subsection (2)(b), a petition to institute the creation of a special district must be signed
26 by 40% of registered voters or 40% of owners of real property within the boundary of the proposed special district
27 and submitted to the clerk of the governing body.

28 (b) If a proposed special district would be financed by a mill levy, a petition to institute the creation of the
29 special district must be signed by 40% of registered voters or 40% of property taxpayers within the boundary of
30 the proposed district.

(c) The form of the petition may be prescribed by the governing body.

(d) Subject to subsection (2)(c), the petition must:

(i) require the printed name of each signatory;

(ii) specify whether the signatory is a property taxpayer or owner of real property within the proposed special district and the address of that property;

(iii) describe the type of special district being proposed and the general character of any proposed improvements and program to be administered within the special district;

(iv) designate the method of financing any proposed improvements and program within the special district;

(v) include a general description of the areas to be included in the proposed special district; and

(vi) specify whether the proposed special district would be administered by the local governing body or an appointed or elected board.

(3) Within 30 days of receipt of a petition to create a special district, the clerk of the governing body shall:

(a) certify that the petition is sufficient under the provisions of subsection (2) and present it to the governing body at its next meeting; or

(b) reject the petition if it is insufficient under the provisions of subsection (2).

(4) A defect in the contents of the petition or in its title, form of notice, or signatures may not invalidate the petition and subsequent proceedings as long as the petition has a sufficient number of qualified signatures attached.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Determining special district boundaries. (1) The boundaries of the proposed special district must be mapped and clearly described before the district may be approved.

(2) The governing body or petitioners shall consult with a professional land surveyor, as defined in 37-67-101, to prepare a legal description of the boundaries for the proposed special district.

(3) The boundaries must follow property ownership, precinct, school district, municipal, and county lines as far as practical.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Public hearing -- resolution of intention to create special district. (1) The governing body shall hold at least one public hearing concerning the creation of a proposed special district prior to the passage of a resolution of intention to create the special district. A resolution of intention to create

1 a special district may be based upon a decision of the governing body or upon a petition that contains the
2 required number of signatures.

3 (2) The resolution must designate:

4 (a) the proposed name of the special district;

5 (b) the necessity for the proposed special district;

6 (c) a general description of the territory or lands to be included within the proposed special district, giving
7 the boundaries of the proposed special district;

8 (d) the general character of any proposed improvements and the proposed location for the proposed
9 program or improvements;

10 (e) the estimated cost and method of financing the proposed program or improvements;

11 (f) any requirements specifically applicable to the type of special district; and

12 (g) whether the proposed special district would be administered by the governing body or an appointed
13 or elected board.

14 (3) (a) The governing body shall publish notice of passage of the resolution of intention to create a
15 special district as provided in 7-1-2121 and 7-1-2122 or 7-1-4127 and 7-1-4129, as applicable. The notice must
16 contain a notice of a hearing and the time and place where the hearing will be held.

17 (b) At the same time that notice is published pursuant to subsection (3)(a), the governing body shall
18 provide a list of those properties subject to potential assessment, fees, or taxation under the creation of the
19 proposed special district. The list may not be distributed or sold for use as a mailing list in accordance with
20 2-6-109.

21 (c) A copy of the notice described in subsection (3)(a) must be mailed to the owners of the property
22 included on the list referred to in subsection (3)(b).

23
24 **NEW SECTION. Section 6. Right to protest -- procedure -- hearing.** (1) An owner of property that
25 is liable to be assessed for the program or improvements in the proposed special district has 30 days from the
26 date of the first publication of the notice of passage of the resolution of intention to make a written protest against
27 the proposed program or improvements.

28 (2) The protest must be in writing, identify the property in the district owned by the protestor, be signed
29 by all of the owners of that property, and be delivered to the clerk of the governing body, who shall endorse on
30 the protest the date of receipt.

(3) (a) For purposes of this section, "owner" means, as of the date a protest is filed, the record owner of fee simple title to the property OR THE CONTRACT BUYER ON FILE WITH THE COUNTY CLERK AND RECORDER.

(b) The term does not include a tenant of or other holder of a leasehold interest in the property.

(4) An owner of property created as a condominium may protest pursuant to the provisions in [section 18].

(5) (a) At the hearing provided for in [section 5], the governing body shall consider all protests.

(b) In determining the sufficiency of protest, each protest must be weighted in proportion to the amount of the assessment to be levied against the lot or parcel with respect to which it is made.

(c) If the protest is made by the owners of property in the proposed district to be assessed for more than 50% of the cost of the proposed program or improvements, in accordance with the method or methods of assessment, further proceedings may not be taken by the governing body for at least 12 months.

(d) In determining whether or not sufficient protests have been filed in the proposed special district to prevent further proceedings, property owned by a governmental entity must be considered the same as any other property in the district.

(e) The decision of the governing body is final and conclusive.

(f) The governing body may adjourn the hearing from time to time.

NEW SECTION. Section 7. Referendum -- election. (1) The governing body may order a referendum on the creation of the proposed special district to be submitted to the registered voters who reside within the proposed special district and the individuals qualified to vote pursuant to subsections (5) and (6).

(2) The referendum must state:

(a) the type and maximum rate of the initial proposed assessments or fees that would be imposed, consistent with the requirements of [sections 5(2)(e) and 15];

(b) the type of activities proposed to be financed, including a general description of the program or improvements;

(c) a general description of the areas included in the proposed special district; and

(d) whether the proposed special district would be administered by the governing body or an appointed or elected board.

(3) The referendum must be held in conjunction with a regular or primary election or must be conducted by mail ballot election as provided in Title 13, chapter 19.

(4) The proposition to be submitted to the electorate must read: "Shall the proposition to organize (name of proposed special district) be adopted?"

(5) Except as provided in subsection (6), an individual is entitled to vote on the proposition if the individual:

(a) meets all qualifications required of electors under the general election laws of the state; and

(b) is a resident of or owner of taxable real property in the area subject to the proposed special district.

(6) An individual who is the owner of real property described in subsection (5)(b) need not possess the qualifications required of an elector in subsection (5)(a) if the individual is qualified to vote in any county of the state and files proof of registration with the election administrator at least 20 days prior to the referendum in which the individual intends to vote.

(7) The referendum must be conducted, the vote canvassed, and the result declared in the same manner as provided by Title 13 in respect to general elections, so far as it is applicable, except as provided in subsection (3).

(8) If the referendum is approved, the election administrator of each county shall:

(a) immediately file with the secretary of state a certificate stating that the proposition was adopted and record the certificate in the office of the clerk and recorder of the county or counties in which the special district is situated; and

(b) notify any municipalities lying within the boundaries of the special district.

NEW SECTION. Section 8. Certificate of establishment. (1) Upon receipt of the certificate referred to in [section 7(8)], the secretary of state shall, within 10 days, issue a certificate reciting that the specified district has been established according to the laws of the state of Montana. A copy of the certificate must be transmitted to and filed with the clerk and recorder of the county or counties in which the district is situated.

(2) When the certificate is issued by the secretary of state, the district named in the certificate is established with all the rights, privileges, and powers set forth in [section 12].

NEW SECTION. Section 9. Order creating district -- power to implement program. (1) The governing body may create a special district and establish assessments or fees if the governing body finds that insufficient protests have been made in accordance with [section 6] or if the eligible registered voters have approved a referendum as provided in [section 7].

(2) To create a special district, the governing body shall issue an order or pass an ordinance or resolution in accordance with the resolution of intention introduced and passed by the governing body or in accordance with the terms of the referendum. This must be done within 30 days of the end of the protest period or approval of the referendum.

(3) If the governing body creates the special district of its own accord and without a referendum being held, a copy of the order, ordinance, or resolution creating the district, certified by the clerk of the governing body, must be delivered to the clerk and recorder of the county or counties in which the special district is situated and to the secretary of state, who shall issue a certificate of establishment in accordance with [section 8].

NEW SECTION. Section 10. Additional reporting procedures -- coordination of information collection, transfer, and accessibility. ~~(1) Within 60 days after the creation of a special district or by the following January first, whichever comes first, the governing body shall provide to the department of revenue:~~

~~—— (a) a legal description of the special district;~~

~~—— (b) a map of its boundaries; and~~

~~—— (c) a list of the property taxpayers or owners of real property within the special district's boundaries.~~

~~—— (2) The department of revenue shall record the:~~

~~—— (a) legal description of the special district;~~

~~—— (b) date of the creation of the special district; and~~

~~—— (c) book and page or document number of the recorded document as provided for in 7-4-2617.~~

~~—— (3) (a) The department of revenue shall transfer information collected pursuant to this section to the department of administration.~~

~~—— (b) The department of revenue shall coordinate with the department of administration to develop procedures regarding the collection and transfer of special district information between the two agencies.~~

~~—— (c) The department of administration shall convert special district information received from the department of revenue to a digital format for land information purposes authorized in Title 90, chapter 1, part 4, that can be accessed through the department's base map service center's website and discovered through the Montana geographical information system portal at the Montana state library. (1) WITHIN 60 DAYS AFTER THE~~

~~CREATION OF A SPECIAL DISTRICT OR BY JANUARY 1 OF THE EFFECTIVE TAX YEAR, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST, THE GOVERNING BODY SHALL PROVIDE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE A:~~

(A) LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIAL DISTRICT;

1 (B) MAP OF ITS BOUNDARIES;

2 (C) LIST OF THE PROPERTY TAXPAYERS OR OWNERS OF REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE SPECIAL DISTRICT'S
3 BOUNDARIES; AND

4 (D) COPY OF THE RESOLUTION ESTABLISHING THE SPECIAL DISTRICT, INCLUDING ANY ADOPTED METHOD OF
5 ASSESSMENT.

6 (2) THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL REVIEW THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
7 SUBSECTION (1) AND WORK WITH THE GOVERNING BODY TO IDENTIFY AND CORRECT ANY DISCREPANCIES BEFORE THE
8 INFORMATION IS RECORDED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

9 (3) IF THE GOVERNING BODY INTENDS TO SUBMIT ANY DIGITAL INFORMATION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
10 FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (4)(B), THE GOVERNING BODY SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AS TO
11 THE EXPECTED DATE OF SUBMISSION AND SUBMIT THE DIGITAL INFORMATION IN A MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE
12 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE IN CONSULTATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

13 (4) THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION, IN COORDINATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, GOVERNING
14 BODIES, AND OTHER APPROPRIATE ENTITIES, MAY DEVELOP STANDARDS, BEST PRACTICES, AND PROCEDURES FOR:

15 (A) COLLECTING AND TRANSFERRING BETWEEN AGENCIES ANY DIGITAL INFORMATION SUBMITTED BY A
16 GOVERNING BODY FOR PURPOSES OF SUBSECTION (4)(B); AND

17 (B) CREATING DIGITAL INFORMATION TO MAP SPECIAL DISTRICTS FOR LAND INFORMATION PURPOSES AUTHORIZED
18 IN TITLE 90, CHAPTER 1, PART 4, THAT CAN BE ACCESSED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT'S BASE MAP SERVICE CENTER'S
19 WEBSITE AND DISCOVERED THROUGH THE MONTANA GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SYSTEM PORTAL AT THE MONTANA
20 STATE LIBRARY.

21
22 NEW SECTION. Section 11. Limitations on lawsuits. (1) A finding of the governing body in favor of
23 the genuineness and sufficiency of the petition or election is final and conclusive against all persons except the
24 state of Montana upon suit brought by the attorney general.

25 (2) A lawsuit filed by the attorney general must be filed by the earlier of:

26 (a) 1 year after the order, ordinance, or resolution creating the special district is approved by the
27 governing body; or

28 (b) the issuance of bonds to implement the program or improvements approved for the special district.
29

30 NEW SECTION. Section 12. Governance -- powers and duties. (1) A special district must be

1 administered and operated either by the governing body or by a separate elected or appointed board as
2 determined by the governing body.

3 (2) (a) If the special district is governed by a separate board, the board must be established in
4 accordance with Title 7, chapter 1, part 2, and specific powers and duties granted to the board and those
5 specifically withheld must be stated.

6 (b) The governing body may grant additional powers to the board. This includes the authorization to use
7 privately contracted legal counsel or the attorney of the governing body. If privately contracted counsel is used,
8 notice must be provided to the attorney of the governing body.

9 (c) The governing body has ultimate authority under this subsection (2).

10 (3) The entity chosen to administer the special district, as provided in subsection (1), may:

11 (a) implement a program and order improvements for the special district designed to fulfill the purposes
12 of the special district;

13 (b) administer the budget of the special district;

14 (c) employ personnel;

15 (d) purchase, rent, or lease equipment, personal property, and material necessary to develop and
16 implement an effective program;

17 (e) cooperate or contract with any corporation, association, individual, or group of individuals, including
18 any agency of federal, state, or local government, in order to develop and implement an effective program;

19 (f) receive gifts, grants, or donations for the purpose of advancing the program and, by gift, deed, devise,
20 or purchase, acquire land, facilities, buildings, and material necessary to implement the purposes of the special
21 district;

22 (g) construct and maintain facilities and buildings necessary to accomplish the purposes of the special
23 district;

24 (h) provide grants to private, nonprofit entities as part of implementing an effective program;

25 (i) adopt a seal and alter it at the entity's pleasure;

26 (j) administer local ordinances as appropriate;

27 (k) establish district capital improvement funds pursuant to 7-6-616, maintenance funds, and debt service
28 funds; and

29 (l) borrow money by the issuance of:

30 (i) general obligation bonds as authorized by the governing body pursuant to Title 7, chapter 6, part 40,

1 and the appropriate provisions of Title 7, chapter 7, part 22 or 42; or

2 (ii) revenue bonds for the lease, purchase, and maintenance of land, facilities, and buildings and the
3 funding of projects in the manner and subject to the appropriate provisions of Title 7, chapter 7, part 25 or 44.

4 (4) The entity chosen to administer the special district shall submit annual budget and work plans to the
5 governing body for review and approval.

6 (5) The right to exercise eminent domain pursuant to 70-30-102 is limited to cemetery districts.
7

8 **NEW SECTION. Section 13. Multiple jurisdictions.** (1) A special district created by a combination
9 of local governments acting together must be administered according to an interlocal agreement. The interlocal
10 agreement may determine whether the administrative body of the special district consists of the entire
11 membership of all governing bodies from the participating jurisdictions or representatives of each governing body
12 or jurisdiction.

13 (2) A special district created by a combination of local governments acting together may enlarge an
14 existing service district, but may not supersede or void an existing contract, district, or interlocal agreement under
15 which the same service is currently provided to residents of one or more of the participating jurisdictions. The
16 local governments acting together may agree to alter an existing contract, district, or interlocal agreement as
17 necessary.

18 (3) The local governments shall proportionally share the ownership of real or personal property acquired
19 by the district pursuant to their interlocal agreement.
20

21 **NEW SECTION. Section 14. Alteration of special districts.** (1) The governing body may change the
22 boundaries of any special district by resolution.

23 (2) The boundaries may be altered by petition after complying with the requirements for petitions as
24 provided in [section 3].

25 (3) Alteration of boundaries is also subject to procedures for public notice, protest, referendum,
26 certification, reporting, and establishment of assessment as provided in [sections 4 through 11 and 15].

27 (4) Changes made to the boundaries may not:

28 (a) occur more than once each year unless the governing body makes a special finding that an alteration
29 is necessary;

30 (b) delete any portion of the area if the deletion will create an island of included or excluded lands;

- (c) delete any portion of the area that is negatively contributing or may reasonably be expected to negatively contribute to environmental impacts that fall within the scope of the special district's program; and
- (d) affect indebtedness existing at the time of the change.

NEW SECTION. **Section 15. Financing for special district.** (1) The governing body shall make assessments or impose fees for the costs and expenses of the special district based upon a budget proposed by the governing body or separate board administering the district pursuant to [section 12].

(2) For the purposes of this section, "assessable area" means the portion of a lot or parcel of land that is benefited by the special district. The assessable area may be less than but may not exceed the actual area of the lot or parcel.

(3) The governing body shall assess the percentage of the cost of the program or improvements: (A) against the entire district as follows:

~~(a)~~(i) each lot or parcel of land within the special district may be assessed for that part of the cost that its assessable area bears to the assessable area of the entire special district, exclusive of roads, streets, avenues, alleys, and public places;

~~(b)~~(ii) if the governing body determines that the benefits derived from the program or improvements by each lot or parcel are substantially equivalent, the cost may be assessed equally to each lot or parcel located within the special district without regard to the assessable area of the lot or parcel;

~~(c)~~(iii) each lot or parcel of land, including the improvements on the lot or parcel, may be assessed for that part of the cost of the special district that its taxable valuation bears to the total taxable valuation of the property of the district;

~~(d)~~(iv) each lot or parcel of land may be assessed based on the lineal front footage of any part of the lot or parcel that is in the district and abuts the area to be improved or maintained;

~~(e)~~(v) each lot or parcel of land within the district may be assessed for that part of the cost that the reasonably estimated vehicle trips generated for a lot or parcel of its size in its zoning classification bear to the reasonably estimated vehicle trips generated for all lots in the district based on their size and zoning classification;

or

~~(f)~~(vi) any combination of the assessment options provided in subsections ~~(3)(a)~~ (3)(A)(i) through ~~(3)(e)~~ (3)(A)(v) may be used for the special district as a whole ~~or for any lot or parcel within the special district.~~; OR

(B) BASED UPON THE CHARACTER, KIND, AND QUALITY OF SERVICE FOR A RESIDENTIAL OR COMMERCIAL UNIT,

1 TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION:

2 (I) THE NATURE OF THE PROPERTY OR ENTITY ASSESSED;

3 (II) A CALCULATED BASIS FOR THE PROGRAM OR SERVICE, INCLUDING VOLUME OR WEIGHT;

4 (III) THE COST, INCENTIVES, OR PENALTIES APPLICABLE TO THE PROGRAM OR SERVICE PRACTICES; OR

5 (IV) ANY COMBINATION OF THESE FACTORS.

6 (4) If property created as a condominium is subject to assessment, each unit within the condominium
7 is considered a separate parcel of real property subject to separate assessment and the lien of the assessment.
8 Each unit must be assessed for the unit's percentage of undivided interest in the common elements of the
9 condominium. The percentage of the undivided ownership interest must be as set forth in the condominium
10 declaration.

11
12 **NEW SECTION. Section 16. Notice of resolution for assessment -- assessment.** (1) The governing
13 body shall estimate, as near as practicable, the cost of each established special district annually by the later of
14 the second Monday in August or within 45 calendar days after receiving certified taxable values from the
15 department of revenue.

16 (2) The governing body shall pass and finally adopt a resolution specifying the special district
17 assessment option and levying and assessing all the property within the special district with an amount equal to
18 the annual cost of the program and improvements.

19 (3) The resolution levying the assessment to defray the cost of the special district must contain or refer
20 to a list that describes the lot or parcel of land assessed with the name of the owner of the lot or parcel, if known,
21 and the amount assessed.

22 (4) The resolution must be kept on file in the office of the clerk of the governing body.

23 (5) A notice, signed by the clerk of the governing body, stating that the resolution levying a special
24 assessment or changing the method of assessment to defray the cost of the special district is on file in the clerk's
25 office and subject to inspection must be published as provided in 7-1-2121 or 7-1-4127. The notice must state
26 the time and place at which objections to the final adoption of the resolution will be heard by the governing body
27 and must contain a statement setting out the method of assessment being proposed for adoption or the change
28 in assessment being proposed for adoption. The time for the hearing must be at least 5 days after the final
29 publication of the notice.

30 (6) The notice and hearing process may be included in the local government's general budgeting process

1 as provided in Title 7, chapter 6, part 40.

2 (7) At the time set, the governing body shall meet and hear all objections that may be made to the
3 assessment or any part of the assessment, may adjourn from time to time for that purpose, and may by resolution
4 modify the assessment.

5 (8) A copy of the resolution, certified by the clerk of the governing body, must be delivered to the
6 department of revenue ~~at the same time and in the same manner as other taxes and assessments are provided~~
7 ~~and to the treasurer or financial officer of the local government~~ BY THE THIRD MONDAY IN AUGUST OR WITHIN 45
8 CALENDAR DAYS AFTER RECEIVING CERTIFIED TAXABLE VALUES FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.

9

10 NEW SECTION. Section 17. Collection of special district assessments. (1) When a resolution of
11 assessment has been certified by the clerk of the local government, the county treasurer, the city treasurer, or
12 the town clerk, as provided in 7-12-4182, shall collect the assessment in the same manner and at the same time
13 as property taxes for general purposes are collected.

14 (2) All money received by the special district, including interest and earnings accrued, must be deposited
15 in an account held only for the special district by the office of the county treasurer, city treasurer, or town clerk.
16

17 NEW SECTION. Section 18. Payment of assessment under protest -- action to recover. (1) When
18 an assessment made under [sections 1 through 20] is considered unlawful by the party whose property is charged
19 or from whom the payment is demanded, the person may pay the assessment or any part of the assessment
20 considered to be unlawful under protest to the county treasurer, city treasurer, or town clerk, whoever is charged
21 with collection of the assessment.

22 (2) The party paying under protest or the party's legal representative may bring an action in any court
23 of competent jurisdiction against the officer to whom the assessment was paid or against the local government
24 on whose behalf the assessment was collected to recover the assessment or any portion of the assessment paid
25 under protest. An action instituted to recover the assessment paid under protest must be commenced within 90
26 days after the date of payment.

27 (3) The assessment paid under protest must be held by the county treasurer, city treasurer, or town clerk
28 until the determination of an action brought for the recovery of the assessment.

29 (4) If the assessment considered to be unlawful pertains to property created as a condominium and the
30 property is not solely a certain unit in the condominium, then the owner of the property created as a condominium

1 that is entitled to protest is considered to be the collective owners of all units having an undivided ownership
2 interest in the common elements of the condominium.

3 (5) An owner of property created as a condominium may protest against the method of assessment or
4 vote at an election of the special district only through a president, vice president, secretary, or treasurer of the
5 condominium owners' association who timely presents to the secretary of the special district the following:

6 (a) a writing identifying the condominium property;

7 (b) the condominium declaration or other condominium document that shows how votes of unit owners
8 in the condominium are calculated;

9 (c) original signatures of owners of units in the condominium having an undivided ownership interest in
10 the common elements of the condominium sufficient to constitute an affirmative vote for an undertaking relating
11 to the common elements under the condominium declaration; and

12 (d) a certificate signed by the president, vice president, secretary, or treasurer of the condominium
13 owners' association certifying that the votes of the unit owners, as evidenced by the signatures of the owners,
14 are sufficient to constitute an affirmative vote of the condominium owners' association to protest against the
15 method of assessment.

16
17 **NEW SECTION. Section 19. Assessments as liens.** (1) An assessment made and levied to defray
18 the cost and expenses of the program or improvements, together with any percentages imposed for delinquency
19 and for cost of collection, constitutes a lien upon the property on which the assessment is made and levied from
20 the date of the passage of the resolution levying the assessment. This lien may be extinguished only by payment
21 of the assessment, with all penalties, costs, and interest, or by sale of the property as provided in subsection (2).

22 (2) When the payment of an installment of an assessment becomes delinquent, all payments of
23 subsequent installments of the assessment may, at the option of the governing body and upon adoption of the
24 appropriate resolutions, become delinquent. Upon delinquency in one or all installments, the whole property must
25 be sold in the same manner as other property is sold for taxes. The enforcement of the lien of any installment of
26 a special assessment by any method authorized by law does not prevent the enforcement of the lien of any
27 subsequent installment when it becomes delinquent.

28
29 **NEW SECTION. Section 20. Dissolution of special district.** (1) A special district may be dissolved
30 if it is considered to be in the best interest of a local government or the inhabitants of the local government or if

1 the purpose for creating the special district has been fulfilled and the special district is not needed in perpetuity.

2 (2) The governing body may pass a resolution of intention to dissolve a special district upon its own
3 request or upon request of the separate board administering the special district.

4 (3) After the passage of the resolution provided for in subsection (2), the clerk of the local government
5 that established the special district shall publish a notice, as provided in 7-1-2121 or 7-1-4127, of the intention
6 to dissolve the district.

7 (4) The notice must specify the boundaries of the special district to be dissolved, the date of the passage
8 of the resolution of intention to dissolve, the date set for the passage of the resolution of dissolution, and that the
9 resolution will be passed unless the clerk of the local government receives written protest in advance from:

10 (a) 40% of registered voters or 40% of the owners of real property in the district; or

11 (b) 40% of registered voters or 40% of the property taxpayers in the district if the district program or
12 improvements have been financed through a mill levy.

13 (5) If the special district is dissolved, the clerk of the local government shall immediately send written
14 notice to:

15 (a) the secretary of state; and

16 (b) the department of revenue, providing the same information required in [section 10] when a district
17 is created. The department of revenue and the department of administration shall respond to the dissolution in
18 the same manner they respond to the creation of a district, as described in [section 10].

19 (6) The dissolution of a special district may not relieve the property owners from the assessment and
20 payment of a sufficient amount to liquidate all charges existing against the special district prior to the date of
21 dissolution.

22 (7) Any assets remaining after all debts and obligations of the special district have been paid, discharged,
23 or irrevocably settled must be:

24 (a) deposited in the general fund of the local government;

25 (b) in the case of multiple local governments, divided in accordance with their interlocal agreement and
26 deposited in the general fund of each local government; or

27 (c) transferred to a new special district that has been created to provide substantially the same service
28 as provided by the dissolved special district.

29 (8) If the remaining assets are derived from private grants or gifts that restrict the use of those funds, the
30 funds must be returned to the grantor or donor.

NEW SECTION. Section 21. Multijurisdictional public library districts -- administration.

A multijurisdictional public library district created under the provisions of [sections 1 through 20] must be administered according to the provisions of 22-1-305 through 22-1-317.

Section 22. Section 7-1-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-1-201. Boards. (1) A board of county commissioners may by resolution establish the administrative boards, districts, or commissions allowed by law or required by law to be established pursuant to 7-1-202, 7-1-203, [sections 1 through 20], and this section and listed in 7-1-202. The resolution creating an administrative board, district, or commission must specify:

- (a) the number of board, district, or commission members;
- (b) the terms of the members;
- (c) whether members are entitled to mileage, per diem, expenses, and salary; and
- (d) any special qualifications for membership in addition to those established by law.

(2) (a) An administrative board, district, or commission may be assigned responsibility for a department or service district.

(b) An administrative board, district, or commission may:

(i) exercise administrative powers as granted by resolution, except that it may not pledge the credit of the county or impose a tax unless specifically authorized by state law;

(ii) administer programs, establish policy, and adopt administrative and procedural rules.

(c) The resolution creating an administrative board, district, or commission must grant the board, district, or commission all powers necessary and proper to the establishment, operation, improvement, maintenance, and administration of the department or district.

(d) If authorized by resolution, an administrative board, district, or commission may employ personnel to assist in its functions.

(3) (a) Administrative boards, districts, and commissions may be made elective.

(b) If an administrative board is made elective and if the number of candidates is equal to or less than the number of positions to be elected, the election administrator may cancel the election in accordance with 13-1-304. A position for which there were no nominees must be filled by appointment by the county commissioners for the same term as if the position were filled by election. If there is only one nominee for a

1 position, the nominee may be declared elected by acclamation.

2 (4) Administrative boards, districts, and commissions may not sue or be sued independently of the local
3 government unless authorized by state law.

4 (5) Members must be appointed by the county commissioners. The county commissioners shall post
5 prospective membership vacancies at least 1 month prior to filling the vacancy.

6 (6) The county commissioners shall maintain a register of appointments, including:

7 (a) the name of the board, district, or commission;

8 (b) the date of appointment and confirmation, if any is required;

9 (c) the length of term;

10 (d) the name and term of the presiding officer and other officers of each administrative board, district,
11 or commission; and

12 (e) the date, time, and place of regularly scheduled meetings.

13 (7) Terms of all members, except elected members, may not exceed 4 years. Unless otherwise provided
14 by resolution, members shall serve terms beginning on July 1 and shall serve at the pleasure of the county
15 commissioners.

16 (8) An administrative board, district, or commission must consist of a minimum of 3 members and must
17 have an odd number of members.

18 (9) The resolution creating an administrative board, district, or commission may provide for voting or
19 nonvoting ex officio members.

20 (10) Two or more local governments may provide for joint boards, districts, or commissions to be
21 established by interlocal agreements.

22 (11) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the purposes of conducting business and exercising
23 powers and responsibilities. Action may be taken by a majority vote of members present and voting; unless the
24 resolution creating the board, district, or commission specifies otherwise.

25 (12) An administrative board, district, or commission shall provide for the keeping of written minutes,
26 including the final vote on all actions and the vote of each member.

27 (13) An administrative board, district, or commission shall provide by rule for the date, time, and place
28 of regularly scheduled meetings and file the information with the county commissioners.

29 (14) Unless otherwise provided by law, a person must be a resident of the county to be eligible for
30 appointment to an administrative board, district, or commission. The county commissioners may prescribe by

1 resolution additional qualifications for membership.

2 (15) A person may be removed from an administrative board, district, or commission for cause by the
3 county commissioners or as provided by resolution.

4 (16) A resolution creating an administrative board, district, or commission must contain, if applicable,
5 budgeting and accounting requirements for which the board, district, or commission is accountable to the county
6 commissioners.

7 (17) If a municipality creates a special district in accordance with [sections 1 through 20], the governing
8 body of the municipality shall comply with this section if the governing body chooses to have the special district
9 governed by a separate board."

10
11 **Section 23.** Section 7-1-202, MCA, is amended to read:

12 **"7-1-202. Creation of new boards.** Subject to 7-1-201 and 7-1-203 and in addition to the following, a
13 county may create administrative boards, districts, and commissions that are not otherwise provided for by law:

14 (1) county building commission;

15 (2) cemetery districts;

16 (3) county fair commission;

17 ~~—— (4) hospital district;~~

18 ~~(4)(5)(4)~~ mosquito control board;

19 ~~(5)(6)(5)~~ museum board;

20 ~~(6)(7)(6)~~ board of park commissioners;

21 ~~(8)(7)~~ road district;

22 ~~(7)(9)(8)~~ rodent control board;

23 ~~—— (10) rural fire district;~~

24 ~~(8)(11)(9)~~ solid waste district;

25 ~~(9)(12)(10)~~ television district;

26 ~~(10)(13)(11)~~ weed management district."

27
28 ~~—— **Section 24.** Section 7-2-4734, MCA, is amended to read:~~

29 ~~—— **"7-2-4734. Standards to be met before annexation can may occur.** A municipal governing body may~~
30 ~~extend the municipal corporate limits to include any area that meets the following standards:~~

1 ~~_____ (1) The area must be contiguous to the municipality's boundaries at the time the annexation proceeding~~
2 ~~is begun.~~

3 ~~_____ (2) No part of the area may be included within the boundary of another incorporated municipality.~~

4 ~~_____ (3) The area must be included within and the proposed annexation must conform to a growth policy~~
5 ~~adopted pursuant to Title 76, chapter 1.~~

6 ~~_____ (4) No part of the area may be included within the boundary, as existing at the inception of the attempted~~
7 ~~annexation, of any fire district organized under any of the provisions of part 21, former Title 7, chapter 33, part~~
8 ~~21, or under [sections 1 through 20] if the fire district was originally organized at least 10 years prior to the~~
9 ~~inception of attempted annexation. However, a single-ownership piece of land may be transferred from a fire~~
10 ~~district to a municipality by annexation as provided in 7-33-2127 in accordance with this section."~~

11
12 ~~_____ **Section 25.** Section 7-3-122, MCA, is amended to read:~~

13 ~~_____ **"7-3-122. Definitions.** As used in 7-3-121 through 7-3-161, unless the context indicates otherwise, the~~
14 ~~following definitions apply:~~

15 ~~_____ (1) "Authority" means:~~

16 ~~_____ (a) a municipal or regional airport authority as provided in Title 67, chapter 11;~~

17 ~~_____ (b) a conservancy district as provided in Title 85, chapter 9;~~

18 ~~_____ (c) a conservation district as provided in Title 76, chapter 15;~~

19 ~~_____ (d) a drainage district as provided in Title 85, chapter 8;~~

20 ~~_____ (e) an irrigation district as provided in Title 85, chapter 7;~~

21 ~~_____ (f) a hospital district as provided in Title 7, chapter 34, part 21 [sections 1 through 20];~~

22 ~~_____ (g) a flood control and water conservation district as provided in Title 76, chapter 5, part 11;~~

23 ~~_____ (h) a county water and sewer district as provided in Title 7, chapter 13, part 22; or~~

24 ~~_____ (i) an urban transportation district as provided in Title 7, chapter 14, part 2.~~

25 ~~_____ (2) "Finance administrator" means the individual responsible for the financial administration of the local~~
26 ~~government and generally means the county or treasurer, city treasurer, or town clerk unless the alternative form~~
27 ~~or governing body specifies a different individual.~~

28 ~~_____ (3) "Form of government" or "form" means one of the types of local government enumerated in 7-3-102~~
29 ~~and the type of government described in 7-3-111.~~

30 ~~_____ (4) "Governing body" means the commission or the town meeting legislative body established in the~~

alternative form of a local government under Title 7, chapter 3, parts 1 through 7.

(5) "Local improvement district" means an improvement district in which property is assessed to pay for specific capital improvements benefiting the assessed property.

(6) "Plan of government" has the meaning provided in 7-1-4121.

(7) "Records administrator" means the individual responsible for keeping the public records of the local government and generally means the county, city, or town clerk unless the alternative form or governing body specifies a different individual.

(8) "Subordinate service district" means a special district within a local government in which certain services are provided and in which taxes may be levied to finance the services."

Section 26. Section 7-3-1345, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-3-1345. Fire department. (1) The fire department of the municipality is in the charge of a director, who shall be is the chief thereof of the department and who shall manage and control the department in the manner prescribed by the ordinances of the municipality.

(2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the adoption of a consolidated county municipal local government shall have has no effect on the existence, rights, or duties of any voluntary fire department or fire district created and legally in existence pursuant to the provisions of parts 21 and 23 of former Title 7, chapter 33, part 21, or of Title 7, chapter 33, part 23.

(b) Nothing in this part or part Part 12 or this part shall may not be construed to prohibit the creation of voluntary fire departments or fire districts pursuant to the provisions of parts 21 and 23 of Title 7, chapter 33, part 23, within consolidated county municipalities.

(c) Voluntary fire departments or fire districts within consolidated county municipalities may only be organized, created, supported, financed, dissolved, and managed and their boundaries may only be changed pursuant to the provisions of parts 21 and 23 of Title 7, chapter 33, part 23. These organizations may enter mutual aid agreements as provided by 7-33-2108."

Section 27. Section 7-4-2711, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-4-2711. County attorney to be legal adviser of county and other subdivisions. (1) The county attorney is the legal adviser of the board of county commissioners. The county attorney shall attend their meetings when required and shall attend and oppose all claims and accounts against the county that are unjust or illegal.

~~The county attorney shall defend all suits brought against the county.~~

~~———— (2) The county attorney shall:~~

~~———— (a) give, when required and without fee, an opinion in writing to the county, district, and township town officers on matters relating to the duties of their respective offices;~~

~~———— (b) act as counsel, without fee, for fire districts and fire service areas in unincorporated territories, or towns, or villages within the county;~~

~~———— (c) when requested by a conservation district pursuant to 76-15-319, act as counsel, without fee;~~

~~———— (d) when requested by a weed district pursuant to 7-22-2103, act as counsel, without fee; and~~

~~———— (e) when requested by a county hospital board pursuant to 7-34-2115, act as counsel, without fee, unless the legal action requested involves the county commissioners."~~

~~———— **Section 28.** Section 7-6-204, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"7-6-204. Crediting of interest -- exceptions.** (1) Interest paid and collected on deposits or investments must be credited to the general fund of the county, city, or town to whose credit the funds are deposited unless otherwise provided:~~

~~———— (a) by law;~~

~~———— (b) by terms of a gift, grant, or donation; or~~

~~———— (c) by subsections (2) and (3).~~

~~———— (2) Subject to subsection (1), interest paid and collected on the deposits or investments of the funds of a volunteer fire district or department organized in an unincorporated area under former Title 7, chapter 33, part 21, or under Title 7, chapter 33, part 23, or under [sections 1 through 20] or of a fire service area or county fire department must be credited to the account of that fire district, service area, or department.~~

~~———— (3) Subject to subsection (1), interest paid and collected on the deposits or investments of any fund separately created and accounted for by a county, city, or town may be credited to the separately created fund proportionately to each fund's participation in the deposit or investment."~~

~~———— **Section 29.** Section 7-6-621, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"7-6-621. Volunteer firefighters' disability income insurance authorized -- voted levy -- fund.** (1) Disability income insurance, as defined in 33-1-235, purchased for volunteer firefighters must provide that:~~

~~———— (a) payments or benefits are paid only for an injury received as a volunteer firefighter; and~~

1 ~~——— (b) the duration of payments or benefits may not exceed the lesser of 1 year or until the treating~~
2 ~~physician determines that the beneficiary is no longer disabled.~~

3 ~~——— (2) If the voters have approved a levy for the purchase of volunteer firefighters' disability income~~
4 ~~insurance, the governing body of a local government entity may establish a volunteer firefighters' disability income~~
5 ~~insurance account. The governing body may hold money in the account for any time period considered~~
6 ~~appropriate by the governing body. Money held in the account may not be considered as cash balance for the~~
7 ~~purpose of reducing mill levies.~~

8 ~~——— (3) Money may be expended from the account to purchase disability income insurance coverage meeting~~
9 ~~the provisions of subsection (1) for volunteer firefighters organized or deployed pursuant to any of the provisions~~
10 ~~of former Title 7, chapter 33, part 21, or of Title 7, chapter 33, parts 21 22 through 24 or 41.~~

11 ~~——— (4) Money in the account must be invested as provided by law. Interest and income from the investment~~
12 ~~of money in the account must be credited to the account."~~

13
14 ~~——— **Section 30.** Section 7-6-2512, MCA, is amended to read:~~

15 ~~——— **"7-6-2512. County tax levy for health care facilities.** (1) Subject to 15-10-420, the board of county~~
16 ~~commissioners may, annually at the time of levying county taxes, fix and levy a tax upon all property within the~~
17 ~~county to erect, furnish, equip, expand, improve, maintain, and operate county-owned or county-operated health~~
18 ~~care facilities created under 7-8-2102, 7-34-2201, and 7-34-2502. "Health care facilities" as used in this section~~
19 ~~has the meaning as defined in 7-34-2201. If a hospital district is created under provisions of former Title 7,~~
20 ~~chapter 34, part 21, or under [sections 1 through 20], the mill levy authorized by this section may not be imposed~~
21 ~~on property within that hospital district.~~

22 ~~——— (2) If a county issues bonds under 7-34-2411 to finance or refinance the costs of a health care facility,~~
23 ~~the board of county commissioners may covenant to levy the tax authorized by this section during the term of the~~
24 ~~bonds, to the extent necessary, and to apply the collections of the tax to the costs of erecting, furnishing,~~
25 ~~equipping, expanding, improving, maintaining, and operating the health care facility or facilities of the county or~~
26 ~~the payment of principal of or interest on the bonds. The pledge of the taxes to the payment of the bonds may~~
27 ~~not cause the bonds to be considered indebtedness of the county for the purpose of any statutory limitation or~~
28 ~~restriction. The pledge may be made by the board only upon authorization of a majority of the electors of the~~
29 ~~county voting on the pledge at a general or special election as provided in 7-34-2414."~~

1 **Section 24.** Section 7-6-2527, MCA, is amended to read:

2 **"7-6-2527. Taxation -- public and governmental purposes.** A county may impose a property tax levy
3 for any public or governmental purpose not specifically prohibited by law. Public and governmental purposes
4 include but are not limited to:

5 (1) district court purposes as provided in 7-6-2511;

6 (2) county-owned or county-operated health care facility purposes as provided in 7-6-2512;

7 (3) county law enforcement services and maintenance of county detention center purposes as provided
8 in 7-6-2513 and search and rescue units as provided in 7-32-235;

9 (4) multijurisdictional service purposes as provided in ~~7-11-1106~~ [section 13];

10 (5) transportation services for senior citizens and persons with disabilities as provided in 7-14-111;

11 (6) support for a port authority as provided in 7-14-1132;

12 (7) county road, bridge, and ferry purposes as provided in 7-14-2101, 7-14-2501, 7-14-2502, 7-14-2503,
13 7-14-2801, and 7-14-2807;

14 (8) recreational, educational, and other activities of the elderly as provided in 7-16-101;

15 (9) purposes of county fair activities, parks, cultural facilities, and any county-owned civic center, youth
16 center, recreation center, or recreational complex as provided in 7-16-2102, and 7-16-2109, ~~and 7-21-3410~~;

17 (10) programs for the operation of licensed day-care centers and homes as provided in 7-16-2108 and
18 7-16-4114;

19 (11) support for ~~a museum, facility for the arts and the humanities, collection of exhibits, or a museum~~
20 ~~district as provided in 7-16-2205 special districts~~ A MUSEUM, FACILITY FOR THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES,
21 COLLECTION OF EXHIBITS, OR A MUSEUM DISTRICT CREATED UNDER PROVISIONS OF FORMER TITLE 7, CHAPTER 16, PART
22 22, OR [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 20];

23 (12) extension work in agriculture and home economics as provided in 7-21-3203;

24 (13) weed control and management purposes as provided in 7-22-2142;

25 (14) insect control programs as provided in 7-22-2306;

26 (15) fire control as provided in 7-33-2209;

27 (16) ambulance service as provided in 7-34-102;

28 (17) public health purposes as provided in 50-2-111 and 50-2-114;

29 (18) public assistance purposes as provided in 53-3-115;

30 (19) indigent assistance purposes as provided in 53-3-116;

- (20) developmental disabilities facilities as provided in 53-20-208;
(21) mental health services as provided in 53-21-1010;
(22) airport purposes as provided in 67-10-402 and 67-11-302;
(23) purebred livestock shows and sales as provided in 81-8-504;
(24) economic development purposes as provided in 90-5-112; and
(25) prevention programs, including programs that reduce substance abuse."

Section 25. Section 7-7-2101, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-7-2101. Limitation on amount of county indebtedness. (1) A county may not issue bonds or incur other indebtedness for any purpose in an amount, including existing indebtedness, that in the aggregate exceeds 2.5% of the total assessed value of taxable property, determined as provided in 15-8-111, within the county; as ascertained by the last assessment for state and county taxes.

(2) Except as provided in 7-7-2402 and 7-21-3413, a county may not incur indebtedness or liability for any single purpose to an amount exceeding \$500,000 without the approval of a majority of the electors of the county voting at an election as provided by law.

(3) This section does not apply to the acquisition of conservation easements as set forth in Title 76, chapter 6."

Section 26. Section 7-11-1102, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-11-1102. Services that may be provided. (1) A multijurisdictional service district may provide only those services that are authorized to be provided by local governments.

(2) The services that a multijurisdictional service district may provide are:

(a) recreation programs other than park and recreation programs in a county park district established under ~~Title 7, chapter 16, part 24~~ sections 1 through 20;

(b) road, street, and highway maintenance;

(c) libraries;

(d) jails;

(e) dog control programs;

(f) ambulance service;

(g) dispatch service;

(h) protection of human health and the environment, including scenic concerns and recreational activities for areas requiring or involving environmental reclamation;

(i) health services and health department functions; and

(j) maintenance or provision of any public infrastructure facility, project, or service."

Section 27. Section 7-11-1112, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-11-1112. Financing. (1) Subject to 15-10-420, local governments organizing a multijurisdictional service district are authorized to levy property taxes in an amount not to exceed that authorized for the district in ~~7-11-1106~~ accordance with [section 5] and to appropriate funds derived from other than general tax ~~revenues~~ revenue for the operation of the district. Subject to 15-10-420, property taxes levied for a library established under this part as a multijurisdictional service must be added to taxes levied under 22-1-304.

(2) A property tax levied for the purpose of financing the district ~~must~~ may, for all agricultural property having an area greater than 10 acres, be levied only on the principal residential dwelling, if any, on the property."

Section 28. Section 7-13-2511, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-13-2511. Prohibition on operation of cable TV systems. A television district organized under [sections 1 through 20] or the former provision of this part may not perform any acts or take any steps to construct or operate community antenna systems, commonly known and referred to as cable TV systems."

Section 29. Section 7-13-2512, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-13-2512. Authorization for FM translator. (1) A television district may construct and operate a broadcast FM translator facility (88 to 108 megahertz) as provided in this section.

(2) (a) A request to provide FM translator services may be initiated by a petition signed by at least 51% of the registered electors who are residents of the television district and presented to the board of county commissioners ~~which that~~ initially established the district. The petition, its filing, ~~and its processing, and the public hearing~~ are governed by ~~7-13-2503, 7-13-2504, and 7-13-2505~~ [sections 3, 5, and 6].

(b) ~~Upon receiving a certified petition, the board of county commissioners shall give notice and hold a hearing as provided in 7-13-2506 and 7-13-2507. After the hearing, the board of county commissioners shall approve or deny the petition by resolution. If the county commissioners approve the decision is to approve the~~ petition, the resolution ~~shall~~ must authorize the board of trustees of the district to provide the requested services

1 and ~~shall~~ must describe the proposed system, including the type of construction, proposed location, and
2 estimated costs."

3
4 **Section 30.** Section 7-14-2138, MCA, is amended to read:

5 **"7-14-2138. Prosecution by county attorney.** (1) The county attorney, upon complaint of the road
6 supervisor, county surveyor, or any other person, shall prosecute all actions provided in Title 7, chapter 14, parts
7 21 through 26 and 28, in the name of the state of Montana.

8 (2) All penalties, except those paid to a justice's court, ~~shall~~ must be paid into the general fund of the
9 county."

10
11 **Section 31.** Section 7-16-2105, MCA, is amended to read:

12 **"7-16-2105. Acquisition of land by county for public recreational or cultural purposes.** (1) A county
13 may acquire, by purchase, grant, deed, gift, devise, condemnation pursuant to Title 70, chapter 30, or otherwise,
14 lands suitable for public camping, public recreational purposes, civic centers, youth centers, museums,
15 recreational centers, and any combination of the enumerated uses. A county may lease the land tracts, each of
16 which must be situated so that it offers ready access to a public highway.

17 ~~(2) This section may not be construed as amending or repealing 7-16-2201 through 7-16-2203."~~

18
19 **Section 32.** Section 7-16-2109, MCA, is amended to read:

20 **"7-16-2109. Single tax assessment for county fair activities, county parks, and certain cultural,**
21 **social, and recreational facilities -- restriction.** (1) Subject to 15-10-420 and except as provided in subsection
22 (2) of this section, the county commissioners of a county who have levied taxes pursuant to ~~both~~ 7-16-2102 and
23 ~~7-21-3410~~ may combine ~~the two taxes~~ that levy with any fees assessed in accordance with [section 15] into a
24 single tax assessment for the purpose of maintaining, operating, and equipping county fair activities, county
25 parks, cultural facilities, and any county-owned civic center, youth center, recreation center, recreational complex,
26 or any combination of purposes, activities, and facilities. The money collected may be distributed among the
27 activities and facilities as determined by the county commissioners.

28 (2) (a) The board of county commissioners shall submit the question of imposing or continuing the
29 imposition of the single tax assessment provided for in subsection (1) to the electors of the county at the next
30 general election if a petition requesting a vote on the single tax assessment, signed by at least 15% of the

resident taxpayers of the county, is filed with the county clerk and recorder at least 90 days prior to the date of the general election.

(b) The question must be submitted as provided in 15-10-425.

(c) The board of county commissioners shall ~~levy the tax~~ collect the assessment if the imposition or continued imposition of the single ~~tax~~ assessment is approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question."

Section 33. Section 7-21-3411, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-21-3411. Restriction on use of appropriation or tax money. ~~No portion~~ An amount of the appropriation or tax levy ~~provided for in 7-21-3410 shall~~ or assessment for a county fair district or a multiple county fair district may not be expended for horseracing."

Section 34. Section 7-22-2512, MCA, is amended to read:

"7-22-2512. Financing of vertebrate pest management program -- tax. (1) A governing body may:

(a) appropriate from the county general fund an amount to fund vertebrate pest management and transfer it to the county vertebrate pest management fund; and

(b) subject to 15-10-420, levy a vertebrate pest management tax on the taxable valuation of all agricultural, horticultural, grazing, and timber lands and their improvements. Land within a rodent control district may not be taxed in any given year under both ~~7-22-2222~~ [section 15] and this section for the control of rodents ~~as defined in 7-22-2207~~. Land within a rodent control district may be taxed under this section only in a dollar amount that is proportional to the part of the vertebrate pest program's projected fiscal year budget that is allocated to the management and suppression of vertebrate pests other than rodents.

(2) The tax provided for in subsection (1) must be collected as other county taxes and credited to the county vertebrate pest management fund."

~~**Section 42.** Section 7-33-2403, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~**"7-33-2403. Operation of fire service area -- voted levy for volunteer firefighters' disability income insurance.** (1) Whenever the board of county commissioners has established a fire service area, the commissioners may:~~

~~(a) govern and manage the affairs of the area;~~

1 ~~——— (b) appoint five qualified trustees to govern and manage the affairs of the area; or~~

2 ~~——— (c) authorize the election of five qualified trustees to govern and manage the affairs of the area. The term~~
3 ~~of office and procedures for nomination and election are the same as those provided for election of rural fire~~
4 ~~district trustees in 7-33-2106 in [section 12] and Title 7, chapter 1, part 2.~~

5 ~~——— (2) Subject to 15-10-425, the commissioners may levy a tax upon all property within the county for the~~
6 ~~purpose of buying disability income insurance coverage for volunteer firefighters deployed within the fire service~~
7 ~~area as provided in 7-6-621.~~

8 ~~——— (3) If the commissioners appoint trustees under subsection (1), the provisions of 7-33-2105 apply and~~
9 ~~7-33-2106 applies whether the trustees are elected or appointed; except that~~

10 ~~——— (3) the The trustees shall prepare annual budgets and request a schedule of rates for the budget."~~

11
12 ~~——— **Section 43.** Section 7-34-2122, MCA, is amended to read:~~

13 ~~——— "**7-34-2122. Powers of district.** A hospital district has all the powers provided in [sections 1 through 20]~~
14 ~~necessary and convenient to the acquisition, betterment, operation, maintenance, and administration of hospital~~
15 ~~facilities that its board of trustees considers necessary and expedient. In addition to the general grant of powers,~~
16 ~~a hospital district, acting by its board of trustees, may:~~

17 ~~——— (1) employ nursing, administrative, and other personnel, legal counsel, engineers, architects,~~
18 ~~accountants, and other qualified persons, who may be paid for their services by monthly salaries, hourly wages,~~
19 ~~and pension benefits or by fees that may be agreed upon;~~

20 ~~——— (2) cause reports, plans, studies, and recommendations to be prepared;~~

21 ~~——— (3) lease, purchase, and contract for the purchase of real and personal property by option, contract for~~
22 ~~deed, or otherwise and acquire real or personal property by gift;~~

23 ~~——— (4) lease or construct, equip, furnish, and maintain necessary buildings and grounds;~~

24 ~~——— (5) adopt, by resolution, rules for the operation and administration of hospital facilities under its control~~
25 ~~and for the admission of persons to the facilities;~~

26 ~~——— (6) impose by resolution and collect charges for all services and facilities provided and made available~~
27 ~~by it;~~

28 ~~——— (7) subject to 15-10-420, levy taxes as prescribed in this part;~~

29 ~~——— (8) borrow money by the issuance of its bonds as prescribed in this part;~~

30 ~~——— (9) borrow money by the issuance of notes;~~

~~———— (10)(1) procure insurance against liability of the district or its officers and employees, or both, for torts committed within the scope of their official duties, whether governmental or proprietary, and against damage to or destruction of any of its facilities, equipment, or other property; and~~

~~———— (11) sell or lease any of its facilities or equipment as may be considered expedient;~~

~~———— (12) cause audits to be made of its accounts, books, vouchers, and funds by competent public accountants; and~~

~~———— (13)(2) provide educational benefits to qualified individuals, including the payment of tuition, room and board, educational materials, and stipends and the repayment of student loans in return for an agreement by those persons to provide services to the district."~~

~~———— Section 44. Section 7-34-2201, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— "7-34-2201. **Erection and management of county health care facilities -- definition definitions -- provision of health care services.** (1) The board of county commissioners has jurisdiction and power, under the limitations and restrictions prescribed by law, to erect, furnish, equip, expand, improve, and maintain health care facilities and to provide health care services in those facilities as permitted by law.~~

~~———— (2) The board of county commissioners of a county that has or may acquire title to a site and building or buildings suitable for county health care purposes has jurisdiction and power, under the limitations and restrictions prescribed by law, to erect, furnish, equip, expand, improve, maintain, and operate the building or buildings for health care purposes as provided by this section.~~

~~———— (3) As used in parts 21 and 23 through 25 and this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "health care facility" means:~~

~~———— (a) a hospital facility;~~

~~———— (b) a medical assistance facility, a critical access hospital, a hospice, an end-stage renal dialysis facility, an outpatient center for surgical services, an outpatient center for primary care, a rehabilitation facility, a long-term care facility, or an adult day-care center, all as defined in 50-5-101, a public health center, as defined in 7-34-2102, or~~

~~———— (c) any combination and related medical facilities, including offices for physicians or other health care professionals providing outpatient, rehabilitative, emergency, nursing, or preventive care.~~

~~———— (4) As used in this part, the following definitions apply:~~

~~———— (a) "Hospital facility" means a hospital or a hospital-related facility, including outpatient centers for~~

~~primary care, outpatient centers for surgical services, rehabilitation facilities, long-term care facilities, and infirmaries, all as defined in 50-5-101. The term includes a public health center.~~

~~———— (b) "Public health center" means a publicly owned facility providing health services, including laboratories, clinics, and administrative offices."~~

~~———— **Section 45.** Section 7-34-2417, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"7-34-2417. Health care facility tax levy authorized.** If the bonds are not paid or are not expected to be paid from ordinary revenue of the facility, a county that has issued bonds under 7-34-2411 for a health care facility may, subject to 15-10-420, levy taxes on the taxable value of all taxable property within the county in the manner provided for public hospital districts under 7-34-2133."~~

~~———— **Section 46.** Section 10-3-202, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"10-3-202. Mutual aid -- cooperation.** (1) Political subdivisions and governmental fire agencies organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or [sections 1 through 20] must be encouraged and assisted by the division to conclude mutual aid arrangements with other public and private agencies within this state or any other state or the United States pursuant to Title 10, chapter 3, part 11, for reciprocal aid and assistance in coping with incidents, emergencies, and disasters:~~

~~———— (2) In reviewing disaster and emergency plans and programs of political subdivisions, the division shall consider whether they contain adequate provisions for the reciprocal mutual aid.~~

~~———— (3) Local and interjurisdictional disaster and emergency agencies may assist in negotiation of reciprocal mutual aid agreements between the governor and the adjoining states, (including foreign states or provinces), or political subdivisions of adjoining states and shall carry out arrangements of any of the agreements relating to the local and political subdivision.~~

~~———— (4) In providing assistance under Title 10, chapter 3, parts 1 through 4 of this chapter, state departments and agencies shall cooperate to the fullest extent possible with each other and with local governments and relief agencies such as the American red cross. Parts Title 10, chapter 3, parts 1 through 4, of this chapter do not list or in any way affect the responsibilities of the American red cross under its congressional charter."~~

~~———— **Section 47.** Section 10-3-209, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"10-3-209. Political subdivision requests for assistance -- application to fire districts, fire service**~~

~~areas, and fire companies in unincorporated places -- immunity.~~ (1) If an incident, emergency, or disaster occurs in a political subdivision that has not concluded a mutual aid agreement pursuant to 10-3-202, the local or interjurisdictional agency, incident commander, or principal executive officer of the political subdivision may request assistance from another public or private agency.

~~———— (2) (a) The following individuals or entities may request assistance with an incident, emergency, or disaster if a mutual aid agreement has not been concluded for protection of the area within the jurisdiction of these individuals or entities:~~

~~———— (i) the trustees of a rural fire district created pursuant to former Title 7, chapter 33, part 21, or pursuant to [sections 1 through 20], a representative of the trustees, or an incident commander for the district;~~

~~———— (ii) the chief of a rural fire company organized pursuant to 7-33-2311 or an incident commander for the chief;~~

~~———— (iii) the governing body of a fire service area created pursuant to Title 7, chapter 33, part 24, a representative of the governing body, or an incident commander for the area.~~

~~———— (b) A request for assistance by an individual or entity under subsection (2)(a) may be made to any of the following:~~

~~———— (i) a fire district;~~

~~———— (ii) an unincorporated municipality;~~

~~———— (iii) an incorporated municipality;~~

~~———— (iv) a state agency;~~

~~———— (v) a private fire prevention agency;~~

~~———— (vi) an agency of the federal government;~~

~~———— (vii) a fire service area;~~

~~———— (viii) the governing body of a political subdivision; or~~

~~———— (ix) the governing bodies of fire protection services, emergency medical care providers, and local government subdivisions of any other state or the United States pursuant to part 11 of this chapter.~~

~~———— (3) A public or private agency receiving a request pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) shall determine if it will provide the requested assistance or if it will provide other assistance and shall inform the requesting local or interjurisdictional agency, principal executive officer, incident commander, or other individual or entity making the request, as soon as possible, of that determination. The nature and extent of assistance provided by a public or private agency may be determined only by that public or private agency.~~

~~———— (4) The incident commander of the local or interjurisdictional agency making a request for assistance has overall responsibility for command of the resources provided by a public or private agency responding to a request. However, operational control of individual pieces of equipment and personnel furnished by the responding public or private agency remains with that agency.~~

~~———— (5) This section does not waive an immunity or limitation on liability applicable to any of the following entities or individuals requesting or receiving assistance pursuant to this section:~~

~~———— (a) a fire district;~~

~~———— (b) a fire service area;~~

~~———— (c) a fire company;~~

~~———— (d) an unincorporated municipality, or town, or village;~~

~~———— (e) a political subdivision; or~~

~~———— (f) an agent, employee, representative, or volunteer of an entity listed in this subsection."~~

~~———— **Section 48.** Section 10-3-902, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"10-3-902. Policy -- purpose.** (1) It is the policy of the state that:~~

~~———— (a) available resources should be made available whenever possible and practical to minimize the negative impacts of disasters and emergencies, regardless of the political jurisdiction in this state within which the disaster or emergency occurs and regardless of the political jurisdictions from which a request for assistance arises or from which or to which the resources are made available;~~

~~———— (b) agreements, either formal or informal, written or oral, between or among political subdivisions of this state, that exist or are entered into for the purpose of providing mutual aid in the event of a disaster or emergency should remain options for political subdivisions and should not be infringed upon or in any way affected by the provisions of this part; and~~

~~———— (c) in particular, the provisions of this part do not affect any mutual aid agreement, either formal or informal, written or oral, that is made or that may be made pursuant to Title 7, chapter 33, [sections 1 through 20], 10-3-209, or 10-3-703 or a request for assistance or aid or assistance or aid provided or received pursuant to Title 7, chapter 33, 10-3-209, or 10-3-703.~~

~~———— (2) It is the purpose of this part to:~~

~~———— (a) establish an effective and efficient mutual aid system in which a political jurisdiction can may choose to participate that can is able to operate separate from yet integrated with other freestanding mutual aid systems~~

1 or agreements;

2 ~~—— (b) provide to political jurisdictions in the state another option for establishing mutual aid agreements and~~
3 ~~for requesting, providing, and receiving mutual aid; and~~

4 ~~—— (c) allow political jurisdictions maximum flexibility to protect life and property through mutual aid~~
5 ~~agreements."~~

6
7 ~~—— **Section 49.** Section 10-3-1103, MCA, is amended to read:~~

8 ~~—— **"10-3-1103. Definitions.** As used in this part, unless the context requires otherwise, the following~~
9 ~~definitions apply:~~

10 ~~—— (1) "Emergency medical care provider" means a local government subdivision or other entity, whether~~
11 ~~public or private, licensed by the state to provide emergency medical services pursuant to Title 50, chapter 6.~~

12 ~~—— (2) "Fire protection service" means a governmental fire agency organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or~~
13 ~~[sections 1 through 20] or another fire suppression entity organized under the laws of this state, any other state,~~
14 ~~or an agency of the government of the United States.~~

15 ~~—— (3) "Local government subdivision" means the local governmental entity, other than state government,~~
16 ~~including but not limited to incorporated towns and cities, townships, and counties.~~

17 ~~—— (4) "Mutual aid agreement" or "agreement" means an agreement, consistent with the purposes of this~~
18 ~~part, by one or more fire protection services, emergency medical care providers, or local government subdivisions~~
19 ~~of this state with one or more fire protection services, emergency medical care providers, or local government~~
20 ~~subdivisions of any other state or the United States.~~

21 ~~—— (5) "Party emergency service" means a fire protection service, emergency medical care provider, local~~
22 ~~government subdivision, or agency of the United States that is a party to a mutual aid agreement as provided in~~
23 ~~this part."~~

24
25 **Section 35.** Section 15-6-201, MCA, is amended to read:

26 **"15-6-201. Governmental, charitable, and educational categories -- exempt property.** (1) The
27 following categories of property are exempt from taxation:

28 (a) except as provided in 15-24-1203, the property of:

29 (i) the United States, except:

30 (A) if congress passes legislation that allows the state to tax property owned by the federal government

- 1 or an agency created by congress; or
- 2 (B) as provided in 15-24-1103;
- 3 (ii) the state, counties, cities, towns, and school districts;
- 4 (iii) irrigation districts organized under the laws of Montana and not operated for gain or profit;
- 5 (iv) municipal corporations;
- 6 (v) public libraries; ~~and~~
- 7 (vi) rural fire districts and other entities providing fire protection under Title 7, chapter 33, ~~or [sections 1~~
- 8 ~~through 20]; and~~
- 9 (vii) special districts created pursuant to [sections 1 through 20];
- 10 (b) buildings and furnishings in the buildings that are owned by a church and used for actual religious
- 11 worship or for residences of the clergy, not to exceed one residence for each member of the clergy, together with
- 12 the land that the buildings occupy and adjacent land reasonably necessary for convenient use of the buildings,
- 13 which must be identified in the application, and all land and improvements used for educational or youth
- 14 recreational activities if the facilities are generally available for use by the general public but may not exceed 15
- 15 acres for a church or 1 acre for a clergy residence after subtracting any area required by zoning, building codes,
- 16 or subdivision requirements;
- 17 (c) property owned and used exclusively for agricultural and horticultural societies not operated for gain
- 18 or profit;
- 19 (d) property, not to exceed 80 acres, which must be legally described in the application for the
- 20 exemption, used exclusively for educational purposes, including dormitories and food service buildings for the
- 21 use of students in attendance and other structures necessary for the operation and maintenance of an
- 22 educational institution that:
- 23 (i) is not operated for gain or profit;
- 24 (ii) has an attendance policy; and
- 25 (iii) has a definable curriculum with systematic instruction;
- 26 (e) property used exclusively for nonprofit health care facilities, as defined in 50-5-101, licensed by the
- 27 department of public health and human services and organized under Title 35, chapter 2 or 3. A health care
- 28 facility that is not licensed by the department of public health and human services and organized under Title 35,
- 29 chapter 2 or 3, is not exempt.
- 30 (f) property that is:

- 1 (i) owned and held by an association or corporation organized under Title 35, chapter 2, 3, 20, or 21;
- 2 (ii) devoted exclusively to use in connection with a cemetery or cemeteries for which a permanent care
- 3 and improvement fund has been established as provided for in Title 35, chapter 20, part 3; and
- 4 (iii) not maintained and not operated for gain or profit;
- 5 (g) subject to subsection (2), property that is owned or property that is leased from a federal, state, or
- 6 local governmental entity by institutions of purely public charity if the property is directly used for purely public
- 7 charitable purposes;
- 8 (h) evidence of debt secured by mortgages of record upon real or personal property in the state of
- 9 Montana;
- 10 (i) public museums, art galleries, zoos, and observatories that are not operated for gain or profit;
- 11 (j) motor vehicles, land, fixtures, buildings, and improvements owned by a cooperative association or
- 12 nonprofit corporation organized to furnish potable water to its members or customers for uses other than the
- 13 irrigation of agricultural land;
- 14 (k) the right of entry that is a property right reserved in land or received by mesne conveyance (exclusive
- 15 of leasehold interests), devise, or succession to enter land with a surface title that is held by another to explore,
- 16 prospect, or dig for oil, gas, coal, or minerals;
- 17 (l) (i) property that is owned and used by a corporation or association organized and operated exclusively
- 18 for the care of persons with developmental disabilities, persons with mental illness, or persons with physical or
- 19 mental impairments that constitute or result in substantial impediments to employment and that is not operated
- 20 for gain or profit; and
- 21 (ii) property that is owned and used by an organization owning and operating facilities that are for the care
- 22 of the retired, aged, or chronically ill and that are not operated for gain or profit; and
- 23 (m) property owned by a nonprofit corporation that is organized to provide facilities primarily for training
- 24 and practice for or competition in international sports and athletic events and that is not held or used for private
- 25 or corporate gain or profit. For purposes of this subsection (1)(m), "nonprofit corporation" means an organization
- 26 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and incorporated and admitted
- 27 under the Montana Nonprofit Corporation Act.
- 28 (2) (a) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), the term "clergy" means, as recognized under the federal
- 29 Internal Revenue Code:
- 30 (i) an ordained minister, priest, or rabbi;

1 (ii) a commissioned or licensed minister of a church or church denomination that ordains ministers if the
2 person has the authority to perform substantially all the religious duties of the church or denomination;

3 (iii) a member of a religious order who has taken a vow of poverty; or

4 (iv) a Christian Science practitioner.

5 (b) For the purposes of subsection (1)(g):

6 (i) the term "institutions of purely public charity" includes any organization that meets the following
7 requirements:

8 (A) The organization offers its charitable goods or services to persons without regard to race, religion,
9 creed, or gender and qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under the provisions of section 501(c)(3), Internal
10 Revenue Code, as amended.

11 (B) The organization accomplishes its activities through absolute gratuity or grants. However, the
12 organization may solicit or raise funds by the sale of merchandise, memberships, or tickets to public
13 performances or entertainment or by other similar types of fundraising activities.

14 (ii) agricultural property owned by a purely public charity is not exempt if the agricultural property is used
15 by the charity to produce unrelated business taxable income as that term is defined in section 512 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 512. A public charity claiming an exemption for agricultural property shall file annually
17 with the department a copy of its federal tax return reporting any unrelated business taxable income received by
18 the charity during the tax year, together with a statement indicating whether the exempt property was used to
19 generate any unrelated business taxable income.

20 (iii) up to 15 acres of property owned by a purely public charity is exempt at the time of its purchase even
21 if the property must be improved before it can directly be used for its intended charitable purpose. If the property
22 is not directly used for the charitable purpose within 8 years of receiving an exemption under this section or if the
23 property is sold or transferred before it entered direct charitable use, the exemption is revoked and the property
24 is taxable. In addition to taxes due for the first year that the property becomes taxable, the owner of the property
25 shall pay an amount equal to the amount of the tax due that year times the number of years that the property was
26 tax-exempt under this section. The amount due is a lien upon the property and when collected must be distributed
27 by the treasurer to funds and accounts in the same ratio as property tax collected on the property is distributed.
28 At the time the exemption is granted, the department shall file a notice with the clerk and recorder in the county
29 in which the property is located. The notice must indicate that an exemption pursuant to this section has been
30 granted. The notice must describe the penalty for default under this section and must specify that a default under

1 this section will create a lien on the property by operation of law. The notice must be on a form prescribed by the
2 department.

3 (iv) not more than 160 acres may be exempted by a purely public charity under any exemption originally
4 applied for after December 31, 2004. An application for exemption under this section must contain a legal
5 description of the property for which the exemption is requested.

6 (c) For the purposes of subsection (1)(i), the term "public museums, art galleries, zoos, and
7 observatories" means governmental entities or nonprofit organizations whose principal purpose is to hold property
8 for public display or for use as a museum, art gallery, zoo, or observatory. The exempt property includes all real
9 and personal property owned by the public museum, art gallery, zoo, or observatory that is reasonably necessary
10 for use in connection with the public display or observatory use. Unless the property is leased for a profit to a
11 governmental entity or nonprofit organization by an individual or for-profit organization, real and personal property
12 owned by other persons is exempt if it is:

13 (i) actually used by the governmental entity or nonprofit organization as a part of its public display;

14 (ii) held for future display; or

15 (iii) used to house or store a public display."
16

17 **Section 36.** Section 20-15-403, MCA, is amended to read:

18 **"20-15-403. Applications of other school district provisions.** (1) When the term "school district"
19 appears in the following sections outside of Title 20, the term includes community college districts and the
20 provisions of those sections applicable to school districts apply to community college districts: 2-9-101, 2-9-111,
21 2-9-316, 2-16-114, 2-16-602, 2-16-614, 2-18-703, 7-3-1101, 7-6-2604, 7-6-2801, 7-7-123, 7-8-2214, 7-8-2216,
22 7-11-103, 7-12-4106, 7-13-110, ~~7-13-210~~, 7-15-4206, 10-1-703, 15-1-101, 15-6-204, 15-16-101, 15-16-605,
23 15-70-301, 17-5-101, 17-5-202, 17-6-103, 17-6-204, 17-6-213, 17-7-201, 18-1-201, 18-2-101, 18-2-103,
24 18-2-113, 18-2-114, 18-2-401, 18-2-404, 18-2-432, 18-5-205, 19-1-102, 19-1-811, 22-1-309, 25-1-402,
25 27-18-406, 33-20-1104, 39-3-104, 39-4-107, 39-31-103, 39-31-304, 39-71-116, 39-71-117, 39-71-2106, 40-6-237,
26 49-3-101, 49-3-102, 52-2-617, 53-20-304, 82-10-201 through 82-10-203, 85-7-2158, and 90-6-208 and Rules
27 4D(2)(g) and 15(c), M.R.Civ.P., as amended.

28 (2) When the term "school district" appears in a section outside of Title 20 but the section is not listed
29 in subsection (1), the school district provision does not apply to a community college district."
30

1 ~~Section 52.~~ Section 40-6-402, MCA, is amended to read:

2 ~~"40-6-402. Definitions.~~ As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

3 ~~(1) "Child-placing agency" means an agency licensed under Title 52, chapter 8, part 1.~~

4 ~~(2) "Court" means a court of record in a competent jurisdiction and, in Montana, means a district court~~
5 ~~or a tribal court.~~

6 ~~(3) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-2201.~~

7 ~~(4) "Emergency services provider" means:~~

8 ~~(a) a uniformed or otherwise identifiable employee of a fire department, hospital, or law enforcement~~
9 ~~agency when the individual is on duty inside the premises of the fire department, hospital, or law enforcement~~
10 ~~agency; or~~

11 ~~(b) any law enforcement officer, as defined in 7-32-201, who is in uniform or is otherwise identifiable.~~

12 ~~(5) "Fire department" means a governmental fire agency organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or [sections~~
13 ~~1 through 20].~~

14 ~~(6) "Gross negligence" means conduct so reckless as to demonstrate a substantial lack of concern for~~
15 ~~whether an injury results.~~

16 ~~(7) "Guardian ad litem" means a person appointed to represent a newborn under Title 41, chapter 3.~~

17 ~~(8) "Hospital" has the meaning provided in 50-5-101.~~

18 ~~(9) "Law enforcement agency" means a police department, a sheriff's office, a detention center as~~
19 ~~defined in 7-32-2241, or a correctional institution as defined in 45-2-101.~~

20 ~~(10) "Newborn" means an infant who a physician reasonably believes to be no more than 30 days old.~~

21 ~~(11) "Surrender" means to leave a newborn with an emergency services provider without expressing an~~
22 ~~intent to return for the newborn."~~

23
24 ~~Section 53.~~ Section 46-18-261, MCA, is amended to read:

25 ~~"46-18-261. Recovery of suppression and investigation expenses for fires caused by arson. (1)~~

26 ~~A person convicted of arson, negligent arson, or solicitation of or conspiracy to commit arson or negligent arson~~
27 ~~may be ordered, as part of the sentence, to reimburse law enforcement agencies, governmental fire agencies~~
28 ~~organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or [sections 1 through 20], and the state for the cost of suppressing and~~
29 ~~investigating a fire that occurred during the commission of the crime.~~

30 ~~(2) The court may order a person doing a presentence investigation and report to include documentation~~

1 of the costs of suppressing and investigating the fire and of the defendant's ability to pay and may receive
2 evidence concerning the matters at the time of sentencing:

3 ~~—— (3) The court shall specify the amount, method, and time of payment, which may include but is not limited
4 to installment payments. The court may order a probation officer or other appropriate officer attached to or
5 working closely with the court in the administration of justice to supervise payment and report any default to the
6 court.~~

7 ~~—— (4) Upon petition by the offender and after a hearing, the payment may be modified. Agencies receiving
8 payment at that time must be notified of and allowed to participate in the hearing.~~

9 ~~—— (5) This section does not limit the right of a law enforcement agency or governmental fire agency to
10 recover from the offender in a civil action, but the findings in the sentencing hearing and the fact that payment
11 of costs was part of the sentence are inadmissible in and have no legal effect on the merits of a civil action. Costs
12 paid by the offender must be deducted from a recovery awarded in a civil action."~~

13
14 ~~—— **Section 54.** Section 50-10-101, MCA, is amended to read:~~

15 ~~—— **"50-10-101. Definitions.** As used in this part, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following
16 definitions apply:~~

17 ~~—— (1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" means an individual who is licensed under Title 37, chapter
18 8, to practice professional nursing in this state and who has fulfilled the requirements of the board of nursing
19 pursuant to 37-8-202 and 37-8-409.~~

20 ~~—— (2) "Attending advanced practice registered nurse" means the advanced practice registered nurse who
21 is selected by or assigned to the patient and who has primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the
22 patient.~~

23 ~~—— (3) "Attending physician" has the meaning provided in 50-9-102.~~

24 ~~—— (4) "Board" means the state board of medical examiners.~~

25 ~~—— (5) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-2201.~~

26 ~~—— (6) "DNR identification" means a standardized identification card, form, necklace, or bracelet of uniform
27 size and design, approved by the department, that signifies that the possessor is a qualified patient, as defined
28 in 50-9-102, or that the possessor's attending physician or attending advanced practice registered nurse has
29 issued a do not resuscitate order for the possessor and has documented the grounds for the order in the
30 possessor's medical file.~~

~~———— (7) "Do not resuscitate order" means a directive from a licensed physician or advanced practice registered nurse that emergency life-sustaining procedures should not be administered to a particular person.~~

~~———— (8) "Do not resuscitate protocol" means a standardized method of procedure, approved by the board and adopted in the rules of the department, for the withholding of emergency life-sustaining procedures by physicians, advanced practice registered nurses, and emergency medical services personnel.~~

~~———— (9) "Emergency medical services personnel" has the meaning provided in 50-9-102.~~

~~———— (10) "Health care facility" has the meaning provided in 50-5-101 and includes a public health center as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201.~~

~~———— (11) "Life-sustaining procedure" means cardiopulmonary resuscitation or a component of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.~~

~~———— (12) "Physician" means a person licensed under Title 37, chapter 3, to practice medicine in this state."~~

~~———— **Section 55.** Section 50-16-701, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~———— **"50-16-701. Definitions.** As used in this part, the following definitions apply:~~

~~———— (1) "Airborne infectious disease" means an infectious disease transmitted from person to person by an aerosol, including but not limited to infectious tuberculosis.~~

~~———— (2) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in 2-15-2201.~~

~~———— (3) "Designated officer" means the emergency services organization's representative and the alternate whose names are on record with the department as the persons responsible for notifying an emergency services provider of exposure.~~

~~———— (4) "Emergency services organization" means a public or private organization that provides emergency services to the public.~~

~~———— (5) "Emergency services provider" means a person employed by or acting as a volunteer with an emergency services organization, including but not limited to a law enforcement officer, firefighter, emergency medical technician, paramedic, corrections officer, or ambulance service attendant.~~

~~———— (6) "Exposure" means the subjecting of a person to a risk of transmission of an infectious disease through the commingling of the blood or bodily fluids of the person and a patient or in another manner as defined by department rule.~~

~~———— (7) "Health care facility" has the meaning provided in 50-5-101 and includes a public health center as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201.~~

1 ~~——— (8) "Infectious disease" means human immunodeficiency virus infection, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, hepatitis~~
2 ~~B, communicable pulmonary tuberculosis, meningococcal meningitis, and any other disease capable of being~~
3 ~~transmitted through an exposure that has been designated by department rule.~~

4 ~~——— (9) "Infectious disease control officer" means the person designated by the health care facility as the~~
5 ~~person who is responsible for notifying the emergency services provider's designated officer and the department~~
6 ~~of an infectious disease as provided for in this part and by rule.~~

7 ~~——— (10) "Patient" means an individual who is sick, injured, wounded, or otherwise incapacitated or helpless."~~

8
9 ~~——— **Section 56.** Section 50-60-205, MCA, is amended to read:~~

10 ~~——— **"50-60-205. When state building code applies -- health care facility and public health center doors.**~~

11 ~~(1) If a county, city, or town does not adopt a building code as provided in 50-60-301, the state building code~~
12 ~~applies within the county, city, or town and the state will enforce the code in these areas:~~

13 ~~——— (2) Any provision of a building code requiring the installation or maintenance of self-closing or automatic~~
14 ~~closing corridor doors to patient rooms does not apply to health care facilities as defined in 50-5-101 or to a public~~
15 ~~health center as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201."~~

16
17 ~~——— **Section 57.** Section 50-60-301, MCA, is amended to read:~~

18 ~~——— **"50-60-301. County, city, and town building codes authorized -- health care facility and public**~~
19 ~~**health center doors -- fee adjustment for model plans.** (1) The local legislative body of a county, city, or town~~
20 ~~may adopt a building code to apply to the county, city, or town by an ordinance or resolution, as appropriate:~~

21 ~~——— (a) adopting a building code; or~~

22 ~~——— (b) authorizing the adoption of a building code by administrative action.~~

23 ~~——— (2) A county, city, or town building code may include only codes adopted by the department.~~

24 ~~——— (3) Any provision of a building code requiring the installation or maintenance of self-closing or automatic~~
25 ~~closing corridor doors to patient rooms does not apply to health care facilities, as defined in 50-5-101, or to a~~
26 ~~public health center, as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201.~~

27 ~~——— (4) (a) When the same single-family dwelling plan is constructed at more than one site, the county, city,~~
28 ~~or town shall, after the first examination of the plan, adjust the required plan fee to reflect only the cost of~~
29 ~~reviewing requirements pertaining to the review of:~~

30 ~~——— (i) zoning;~~

1 ~~—— (ii) footings, foundations, and basements;~~

2 ~~—— (iii) curbs;~~

3 ~~—— (iv) gutters;~~

4 ~~—— (v) landscaping;~~

5 ~~—— (vi) utility connections;~~

6 ~~—— (vii) street requirements;~~

7 ~~—— (viii) sidewalks; and~~

8 ~~—— (ix) other requirements related specifically to the exterior of the building.~~

9 ~~—— (b) If a building contractor alters the single-family dwelling plan referred to in subsection (4)(a) in a~~
10 ~~fashion that substantially affects the building code requirements, the county, city, or town may impose the full~~
11 ~~examination fee permitted under 50-60-106."~~

12
13 ~~—— **Section 58.** Section 50-78-102, MCA, is amended to read:~~

14 ~~—— **"50-78-102. Definitions.** As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:~~

15 ~~—— (1) "Chemical manufacturer" means an employer in codes 31 through 33, as defined in the North~~
16 ~~American Industry Classification System Manual, with a workplace where chemicals are produced for use or~~
17 ~~distribution.~~

18 ~~—— (2) "Chemical name" means the scientific designation of a chemical in accordance with the nomenclature~~
19 ~~system developed by the international union of pure and applied chemistry or the chemical abstracts service rules~~
20 ~~of nomenclature or a name that will clearly identify the chemical for the purpose of conducting a hazard~~
21 ~~evaluation.~~

22 ~~—— (3) "Common name" means any designation or identification, such as code name, code number, trade~~
23 ~~name, brand name, or generic name, used to identify a chemical other than by its chemical name.~~

24 ~~—— (4) "Department" means the department of environmental quality provided for in Title 2, chapter 15, part~~
25 ~~35.~~

26 ~~—— (5) "Designated representative" means:~~

27 ~~—— (a) the individual or organization to whom an employee gives written authorization to exercise the~~
28 ~~employee's rights under this chapter; or~~

29 ~~—— (b) a recognized or certified collective bargaining agent who is automatically a designated representative~~
30 ~~without regard to written employee authorization.~~

~~———— (6) "Distributor" means a business, other than a chemical manufacturer, that supplies hazardous chemicals to other distributors or to employers.~~

~~———— (7) "Employee" means a person who may be exposed to hazardous chemicals in the workplace under normal operating conditions or possible emergencies.~~

~~———— (8) "Employer" means a person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, governmental agency, or other entity that is engaged in business or providing services and that employs workers.~~

~~———— (9) "Exposure" means ingestion, inhalation, absorption, or other contact in the workplace with a hazardous chemical and includes potential, accidental, or possible exposure.~~

~~———— (10) "Hazardous chemical" means, except as provided in 50-78-103:~~

~~———— (a) any element, chemical compound, or mixture of elements or compounds that is a physical hazard or health hazard, as defined by subsection (c) of the OSHA standard, and that has been identified as such by the federal occupational safety and health administration or the manufacturer and has been filed with the federal occupational safety and health administration;~~

~~———— (b) any hazardous chemical, as defined by subsection (d)(3) of the OSHA standard; or~~

~~———— (c) any emitter of ionizing radiation.~~

~~———— (11) "Label" means any written, printed, or graphic material displayed on or affixed to containers of hazardous chemicals.~~

~~———— (12) "Local fire chief" means the chief of a governmental fire agency organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or [sections 1 through 20] or the chief's designee.~~

~~———— (13) "Manufacturing employer" means an employer with a workplace classified in codes 31 through 33 of the North American Industry Classification System who manufactures, uses, or stores a hazardous chemical.~~

~~———— (14) "Material safety data sheet" means a document prepared in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA standard and containing chemical hazard and safe handling information.~~

~~———— (15) "Nonmanufacturing employer" means an employer with a workplace classified in a North American Industry Classification System code other than 31 through 33.~~

~~———— (16) "OSHA standard" means the hazard communication standard issued by the federal occupational safety and health administration, codified under 29 CFR 1910.1200.~~

~~———— (17) "Trade secret" means a confidential formula, pattern, process, device, or information, including chemical name or other unique chemical identifier, that is used in an employer's business and that gives the employer an opportunity to obtain an advantage over competitors.~~

~~———— (18) "Work area" means a room or defined space in a workplace where hazardous chemicals are produced, used, or stored and where employees are present.~~

~~———— (19) "Workplace" means an establishment at one geographical location containing one or more work areas.~~

~~———— (20) "Workplace chemical list" means the list of hazardous chemicals developed under subsection (e)(1)(i) of the OSHA standard or under this chapter."~~

~~————~~ **Section 59.** Section 50-78-103, MCA, is amended to read:

~~————~~ **"50-78-103. Applicability -- exemptions.** (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to:

~~———— (a) any consumer product intended for personal consumption or use by an employee;~~

~~———— (b) any retail food sale establishment or other retail trade establishment, exclusive of processing and repair areas;~~

~~———— (c) a food, drug, or cosmetic as defined in the Montana Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, Title 50, chapter 34;~~

~~———— (d) a source of ionizing radiation that is an exempt or generally licensed material or device, as defined and described in rules adopted under 50-79-202 and implementing 50-79-104 and 50-79-202;~~

~~———— (e) the radiological properties of any source, byproduct, or special nuclear material as defined in sections 11(z), 11(aa), and 11(e)(1) of the federal Atomic Energy Act of 1954; or~~

~~———— (f) sealed containers of hazardous chemicals;~~

~~———— (i) during transportation or while in storage at transportation terminals, so long as existing labels are not removed or defaced and the employer complies with state and federal regulations relating to the transportation of hazardous chemicals; or~~

~~———— (ii) at a facility of a distributor, as long as existing labels are not removed or defaced and the employer distributes material safety data sheets as required under 50-78-203(1).~~

~~———— (2) Employers operating the following workplaces are in compliance with this chapter if they retain and make accessible to employees and, when applicable, to students, all material safety data sheets received or, if no material safety data sheet is received for a hazardous chemical, any other information received on its hazards and safe handling and if the provisions of 50-78-206, 50-78-301(2) through (4), and 50-78-305 are met:~~

~~———— (a) a teaching, research, or testing laboratory, including any associated storeroom;~~

~~———— (b) a clinical laboratory or health care facility as defined in 50-5-104;~~

1 ~~—— (c) a pharmacy as defined in 37-7-101;~~

2 ~~—— (d) a public health center as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201; or~~

3 ~~—— (e) an office of a physician, dentist, osteopath, podiatrist, optometrist, or veterinarian licensed under Title~~
4 ~~37.~~

5 ~~—— (3) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any hazardous chemical subject to the packaging and~~
6 ~~labeling requirements imposed under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. 136, et~~
7 ~~seq., except that a chemical manufacturer producing the hazardous chemicals must comply with all provisions~~
8 ~~of this chapter."~~

9
10 ~~—— **Section 60.** Section 53-6-106, MCA, is amended to read:~~

11 ~~—— **"53-6-106. Health care facility standards -- definitions.** (1) For purposes of 53-6-106 through~~
12 ~~53-6-108, the following definitions apply:~~

13 ~~—— (a) "Department" means the department of public health and human services.~~

14 ~~—— (b) "Health care facility" means a health care facility as defined in 50-5-101 and includes a public health~~
15 ~~center as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201.~~

16 ~~—— (2) The department may enter into agreements with appropriate federal agencies for the purpose of~~
17 ~~certifying health care facilities for the Montana medicaid program.~~

18 ~~—— (3) The department may adopt rules as necessary to prescribe minimum standards for the maintenance~~
19 ~~and operation of health care facilities. Standards for the quality of care provided by those facilities receiving~~
20 ~~reimbursement under the Montana medicaid program must be consistent with those requirements imposed upon~~
21 ~~health care facilities by Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. 1396, et seq., as may be amended,~~
22 ~~and by the implementing regulations contained in Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as may be~~
23 ~~amended. The authority to prescribe standards and adopt rules under 53-6-106 through 53-6-108 is in addition~~
24 ~~to the authority granted to the department pursuant to Title 50, chapter 5.~~

25 ~~—— (4) Standards adopted by the department may include but are not limited to requirements in the following~~
26 ~~areas: staffing, fire protection, health and safety, food and nutrition, environmental and sanitation, administration,~~
27 ~~admission policies, patient care planning, training, medication, health services, rehabilitation services, and social~~
28 ~~services and activities."~~

29
30 **Section 37.** Section 53-30-503, MCA, is amended to read:

"53-30-503. Definitions. As used in this part, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Corporation" means an entity organized and existing pursuant to Title 35, chapter 1 or 2, and approved or designated by a local governmental entity.

(2) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(3) "Interlocal cooperation commission" means a commission established in accordance with Title 7, chapter 11, part 2.

(4) "Local governmental entity" means:

(a) a local governmental unit;

(b) a multijurisdictional service district; or

(c) an interlocal cooperation commission.

(5) "Multijurisdictional service district" means a district established in accordance with ~~Title 7, chapter 11, part 11~~ sections 1 through 20.

(6) "Regional correctional facility" means a facility for the housing of persons charged with or convicted of a criminal offense that is a joint detention center and correctional facility and that is designed, constructed, or operated under this part by a local governmental entity, a corporation, the department, or any combination of a local governmental entity, a corporation, and the department."

~~Section 62. Section 61-8-102, MCA, is amended to read:~~

~~"61-8-102. Uniformity of interpretation -- definitions. (1) Interpretation of this chapter in this state must be as consistent as possible with the interpretation of similar laws in other states.~~

~~(2) As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions apply:~~

~~(a) "Authorized emergency vehicle" means a vehicle of a governmental fire agency organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or sections 1 through 20, an ambulance, and an emergency vehicle designated or authorized by the department.~~

~~(b) "Bicycle" means:~~

~~(i) a vehicle propelled solely by human power upon which any person may ride and that has two tandem wheels and a seat height of more than 25 inches from the ground when the seat is raised to its highest position, except scooters and similar devices; or~~

~~(ii) a vehicle equipped with two or three wheels, foot pedals to permit muscular propulsion, and an independent power source providing a maximum of 2 brake horsepower. If a combustion engine is used, the~~

~~maximum piston or rotor displacement may not exceed 3.05 cubic inches, 50 centimeters, regardless of the number of chambers in the power source. The power source may not be capable of propelling the device, unassisted, at a speed exceeding 30 miles an hour, 48.28 kilometers an hour, on a level surface. The device must be equipped with a power drive system that functions directly or automatically only and does not require clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged.~~

~~——— (c) "Business district" means the territory contiguous to and including a highway when within any 600 feet along a highway there are buildings in use for business or industrial purposes, including but not limited to hotels, banks, office buildings, railroad stations, and public buildings that occupy at least 300 feet of frontage on one side or 300 feet collectively on both sides of the highway.~~

~~——— (d) "Controlled-access highway" means a highway, street, or roadway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the highway, street, or roadway except at the points and in the manner as determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over the highway, street, or roadway.~~

~~——— (e) "Crosswalk" means:~~

~~——— (i) that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from the curbs or, in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway;~~

~~——— (ii) any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrians crossing by lines or other markings on the surface.~~

~~——— (f) "Flag person" means a person who directs, controls, or alters the normal flow of vehicular traffic upon a street or highway as a result of a vehicular traffic hazard then present on that street or highway. This person, except a uniformed traffic enforcement officer exercising the officer's duty as a result of a planned vehicular traffic hazard, must be equipped as required by the rules of the department of transportation.~~

~~——— (g) "Highway" has the meaning provided in 61-1-101, but includes ways that have been or are later dedicated to public use.~~

~~——— (h) "Ignition interlock device" means ignition equipment that:~~

~~——— (i) analyzes the breath to determine blood alcohol concentration;~~

~~——— (ii) is approved by the department pursuant to 61-8-441; and~~

~~——— (iii) is designed to prevent a motor vehicle from being operated by a person who has consumed a specific amount of an alcoholic beverage.~~

1 ~~——— (i) (i) "Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb~~
2 ~~lines or if there are no curb lines then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two highways that join one~~
3 ~~another at or approximately at right angles or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different highways~~
4 ~~joining at any other angle may come in conflict.~~

5 ~~——— (ii) When a highway includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway~~
6 ~~of the divided highway by an intersecting highway must be regarded as a separate intersection. If the intersecting~~
7 ~~highways also include two roadways 30 feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of the highways~~
8 ~~must be regarded as a separate intersection.~~

9 ~~——— (j) "Local authorities" means every county, municipal, and other local board or body having authority to~~
10 ~~enact laws relating to traffic under the constitution and laws of this state.~~

11 ~~——— (k) "Noncommercial motor vehicle" or "noncommercial vehicle" means any motor vehicle or combination~~
12 ~~of motor vehicles that is not included in the definition of commercial motor vehicle in 61-1-101 and includes but~~
13 ~~is not limited to the vehicles listed in 61-1-101(8)(b).~~

14 ~~——— (l) "Official traffic control devices" means all signs, signals, markings, and devices not inconsistent with~~
15 ~~this title that are placed or erected by authority of a public body or official having jurisdiction for the purpose of~~
16 ~~regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.~~

17 ~~——— (m) "Pedestrian" means any person on foot or any person in a manually or mechanically propelled~~
18 ~~wheelchair or other low-powered, mechanically propelled vehicle designed specifically for use by a physically~~
19 ~~disabled person.~~

20 ~~——— (n) "Police vehicle" means a vehicle used in the service of any law enforcement agency.~~

21 ~~——— (o) "Private road" or "driveway" means a way or place in private ownership and used for vehicular travel~~
22 ~~by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons.~~

23 ~~——— (p) "Residence district" means the territory contiguous to and including a highway not comprising a~~
24 ~~business district when the property on the highway for a distance of 300 feet or more is primarily improved with~~
25 ~~residences or residences and buildings in use for business.~~

26 ~~——— (q) "Right-of-way" means the privilege of the immediate use of the roadway.~~

27 ~~——— (r) "School bus" has the meaning provided in 20-10-101.~~

28 ~~——— (s) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street that is between the curb lines or the lateral lines of a~~
29 ~~roadway and the adjacent property lines and that is intended for use by pedestrians.~~

30 ~~——— (t) "Traffic control signal" means a device, whether manually, electrically, or mechanically operated, by~~

1 ~~which traffic is alternately directed to stop and to proceed.~~

2 ~~—— (u) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to and including any street that is built up with~~
3 ~~structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses situated at intervals of less than 100 feet for a~~
4 ~~distance of one-fourth mile or more."~~

5
6 **Section 38.** Section 70-30-102, MCA, is amended to read:

7 **"70-30-102. Public uses enumerated.** Subject to the provisions of this chapter, the right of eminent
8 domain may be exercised for the following public uses:

9 (1) all public uses authorized by the government of the United States;

10 (2) public buildings and grounds for the use of the state and all other public uses authorized by the
11 legislature of the state;

12 (3) public buildings and grounds for the use of any county, city, town, or school district;

13 (4) canals, aqueducts, flumes, ditches, or pipes conducting water, heat, or gas for the use of the
14 inhabitants of any county, city, or town;

15 (5) projects to raise the banks of streams, remove obstructions from streambanks, and widen, deepen,
16 or straighten stream channels;

17 (6) water and water supply systems as provided in Title 7, chapter 13, part 44;

18 (7) roads, streets, alleys, controlled-access facilities, and other publicly owned buildings and facilities
19 for the benefit of a county, city, or town or the inhabitants of a county, city, or town;

20 (8) acquisition of road-building material as provided in 7-14-2123;

21 (9) stock lanes as provided in 7-14-2621;

22 (10) parking areas as provided in 7-14-4501 and 7-14-4622;

23 (11) airport purposes as provided in 7-14-4801, 67-2-301, 67-7-210, and Title 67, chapters 10 and 11;

24 (12) urban renewal projects as provided in Title 7, chapter 15, parts 42 and 43, except that private
25 property may be acquired for urban renewal through eminent domain only if the property is determined to be a
26 blighted area, as defined in 7-15-4206(2)(a), (2)(h), (2)(k), or (2)(n), and may not be acquired for urban renewal
27 through eminent domain if the purpose of the project is to increase government tax revenue;

28 (13) housing authority purposes as provided in Title 7, chapter 15, part 44;

29 (14) county recreational and cultural purposes as provided in 7-16-2105;

30 (15) city or town athletic fields and civic stadiums as provided in 7-16-4106;

- 1 (16) county cemetery purposes ~~as provided in~~ pursuant to ~~7-35-2204~~ [section 12], cemetery association
2 purposes as provided in 35-20-104, and state veterans' cemetery purposes as provided in 10-2-604;
- 3 (17) preservation of historical or archaeological sites as provided in 23-1-102 and 87-1-209(2);
- 4 (18) public assistance purposes as provided in 53-2-201;
- 5 (19) highway purposes as provided in 60-4-103 and 60-4-104;
- 6 (20) common carrier pipelines as provided in 69-13-104;
- 7 (21) water supply, water transportation, and water treatment systems as provided in 75-6-313;
- 8 (22) mitigation of the release or threatened release of a hazardous or deleterious substance as provided
9 in 75-10-720;
- 10 (23) the acquisition of nonconforming outdoor advertising as provided in 75-15-123;
- 11 (24) screening for or the relocation or removal of junkyards, motor vehicle graveyards, motor vehicle
12 wrecking facilities, garbage dumps, and sanitary landfills as provided in 75-15-223;
- 13 (25) water conservation and flood control projects as provided in 76-5-1108;
- 14 (26) acquisition of natural areas as provided in 76-12-108;
- 15 (27) acquisition of water rights for the natural flow of water as provided in 85-1-204;
- 16 (28) property and water rights necessary for waterworks as provided in 85-1-209 and 85-7-1904;
- 17 (29) conservancy district purposes as provided in 85-9-410;
- 18 (30) wharves, docks, piers, chutes, booms, ferries, bridges, private roads, plank and turnpike roads, and
19 railroads;
- 20 (31) canals, ditches, flumes, aqueducts, and pipes for:
- 21 (a) supplying mines, mills, and smelters for the reduction of ores;
- 22 (b) supplying farming neighborhoods with water and drainage;
- 23 (c) reclaiming lands; and
- 24 (d) floating logs and lumber on streams that are not navigable;
- 25 (32) sites for reservoirs necessary for collecting and storing water. However, reservoir sites must possess
26 a public use demonstrable to the district court as the highest and best use of the land.
- 27 (33) roads, tunnels, and dumping places for working mines, mills, or smelters for the reduction of ores;
- 28 (34) outlets, natural or otherwise, for the flow, deposit, or conduct of tailings or refuse matter from mines,
29 mills, and smelters for the reduction of ores;
- 30 (35) an occupancy in common by the owners or the possessors of different mines of any place for the

1 flow, deposit, or conduct of tailings or refuse matter from their several mines, mills, or smelters for reduction of
2 ores and sites for reservoirs necessary for collecting and storing water for the mines, mills, or smelters. However,
3 the reservoir sites must possess a public use demonstrable to the district court as the highest and best use of
4 the land.

5 (36) private roads leading from highways to residences or farms;

6 (37) telephone or electrical energy lines, except that local government entities as defined in 2-7-501,
7 municipal utilities, or competitive electricity suppliers may not use this chapter to acquire existing telephone or
8 electrical energy lines and appurtenant facilities owned by a public utility or cooperative for the purpose of
9 transmitting or distributing electricity or providing telecommunications services;

10 (38) telegraph lines;

11 (39) sewerage of any:

12 (a) county, city, or town or any subdivision of a county, city, or town, whether incorporated or
13 unincorporated;

14 (b) settlement consisting of not less than 10 families; or

15 (c) public buildings belonging to the state or to any college or university;

16 (40) tramway lines;

17 (41) logging railways;

18 (42) temporary logging roads and banking grounds for the transportation of logs and timber products to
19 public streams, lakes, mills, railroads, or highways for a time that the court or judge may determine. However,
20 the grounds of state institutions may not be used for this purpose.

21 (43) underground reservoirs suitable for storage of natural gas;

22 (44) projects to mine and extract ores, metals, or minerals owned by the condemnor located beneath or
23 upon the surface of property where the title to the surface vests in others. However, the use of the surface of
24 property for strip mining or open-pit mining of coal (i.e., any mining method or process in which the strata or
25 overburden is removed or displaced in order to extract the coal) is not a public use, and eminent domain may not
26 be exercised for this purpose.

27 (45) projects to restore and reclaim lands that were strip mined or underground mined for coal and not
28 reclaimed in accordance with Title 82, chapter 4, part 2, and to abate or control adverse effects of strip or
29 underground mining on those lands."

30

1 ~~Section 64.~~ Section 76-13-104, MCA, is amended to read:

2 ~~"76-13-104. Functions of department -- rulemaking.~~ (1) The department has the duty to ensure the
3 protection of land under state and private ownership and to suppress wildfires on land under state and private
4 ownership. No fees may be collected for this purpose except fees provided for in 76-13-201.

5 ~~(2) (a) The department shall adopt rules to protect the natural resources of the state, especially the~~
6 ~~natural resources owned by the state, from destruction by fire and for that purpose, in declared emergencies, may~~
7 ~~employ personnel and incur other expenses when necessary.~~

8 ~~(b) The department may adopt and enforce reasonable rules for the purpose of enforcing and~~
9 ~~accomplishing the provisions and purposes of part 2 and this part.~~

10 ~~(3) The duty imposed on the department under this section is not exclusive to the department and does~~
11 ~~not absolve private property owners or local governmental fire agencies organized under Title 7, chapter 33, or~~
12 ~~[sections 1 through 20] from any fire protection or suppression responsibilities.~~

13 ~~(4) The department may give technical and practical advice concerning forest, range, water, and soil~~
14 ~~conservation and the establishment and maintenance of woodlots, windbreaks, shelterbelts, and fire protection.~~

15 ~~(5) The department shall cooperate with all public and other agencies in the development, protection,~~
16 ~~and conservation of the forest, range, and water resources in this state.~~

17 ~~(6) The department shall establish and maintain wildland fire control training programs.~~

18 ~~(7) The department shall appoint firewardens in the number and localities that it considers necessary,~~
19 ~~subject to confirmation by the local county government, and shall adopt rules prescribing the qualifications and~~
20 ~~duties of firewardens that are in addition to those provided in 76-13-116.~~

21 ~~(8) By October 1, 2008, the~~ The department shall adopt rules addressing development within the
22 ~~wildland-urban interface, including but not limited to:~~

23 ~~(a) best practices for development within the wildland-urban interface; and~~

24 ~~(b) criteria for providing grant and loan assistance to local government entities to encourage adoption~~
25 ~~of best practices for development within the wildland-urban interface."~~

26
27 ~~Section 65.~~ Section 90-7-104, MCA, is amended to read:

28 ~~"90-7-104. Eligible facility.~~ (1) The term "eligible facility" means any structure or building suitable for
29 ~~use as:~~

30 ~~(a) a hospital, clinic, nursing home, or other health care facility as defined in 50-5-101;~~

- 1 ~~_____ (b) a public health center, as defined in 7-34-2102 7-34-2201;~~
2 ~~_____ (c) a facility for persons with disabilities;~~
3 ~~_____ (d) a chemical dependency treatment facility;~~
4 ~~_____ (e) a nursing school;~~
5 ~~_____ (f) a medical teaching facility;~~
6 ~~_____ (g) a laboratory;~~
7 ~~_____ (h) a dental care facility;~~
8 ~~_____ (i) a prerelease center;~~
9 ~~_____ (j) a diagnostic, treatment, or surgical center;~~
10 ~~_____ (k) a facility providing services for the elderly; or~~
11 ~~_____ (l) a structure or facility related to any of the uses enumerated in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(k) or~~
12 ~~required or useful for the operation of an eligible facility. These related facilities include supporting service~~
13 ~~structures and all necessary, useful, and related equipment, furnishings, and appurtenances and include without~~
14 ~~limitation the acquisition, preparation, and development of all lands and real and personal property necessary~~
15 ~~or convenient as a site for any of the uses enumerated in subsections (1)(a) through (1)(k).~~
16 ~~_____ (2) An eligible facility does not include:~~
17 ~~_____ (a) items such as food, fuel, supplies, or other items that are customarily considered as current operating~~
18 ~~expenses; and~~
19 ~~_____ (b) a structure used or to be used primarily for sectarian instruction or study or as a place for devotional~~
20 ~~activities or religious worship."~~

21
22 **NEW SECTION. Section 39. Repealer.** Sections 7-11-1101, 7-11-1105, 7-11-1106, 7-11-1107,
23 7-11-1111, 7-12-4001, 7-13-201, 7-13-202, 7-13-203, 7-13-204, 7-13-205, 7-13-206, 7-13-207, 7-13-208,
24 7-13-209, 7-13-210, 7-13-211, 7-13-212, 7-13-213, 7-13-215, 7-13-216, 7-13-217, 7-13-218, 7-13-231, 7-13-232,
25 7-13-233, 7-13-234, 7-13-235, 7-13-236, 7-13-237, 7-13-301, 7-13-302, 7-13-303, 7-13-304, 7-13-305, 7-13-306,
26 7-13-307, 7-13-308, 7-13-309, 7-13-310, 7-13-311, 7-13-2501, 7-13-2502, 7-13-2503, 7-13-2504, 7-13-2505,
27 7-13-2506, 7-13-2507, 7-13-2508, 7-13-2509, 7-13-2510, 7-13-2521, 7-13-2527, 7-13-2528, 7-13-2529,
28 7-13-2541, 7-13-2542, 7-14-2701, 7-14-2702, 7-14-2703, 7-14-2704, 7-14-2705, 7-14-2706, 7-14-2707,
29 7-14-2708, 7-14-2709, 7-14-2710, 7-14-2711, 7-14-2712, 7-14-2713, 7-14-2714, 7-14-2715, 7-14-2716,
30 7-14-2717, 7-14-2718, 7-14-2719, 7-14-2720, 7-14-2721, 7-14-2731, 7-14-2732, 7-14-2733, 7-14-2734,

1 7-14-2735, 7-14-2736, 7-14-2737, 7-14-2738, 7-14-2739, 7-14-2740, 7-14-2741, 7-14-2742, 7-14-2743,
 2 7-14-2744, 7-14-2745, 7-14-2746, 7-14-2751, 7-14-2752, 7-14-2753, 7-14-2754, 7-14-2755, 7-14-2756,
 3 7-14-2757, 7-14-2758, 7-14-2759, 7-14-2760, 7-14-2761, 7-14-2762, 7-14-2763, 7-14-2901, 7-14-2902,
 4 7-14-2903, 7-14-2907, 7-14-2908, 7-16-2201, 7-16-2202, 7-16-2203, 7-16-2205, 7-16-2211, 7-16-2212,
 5 7-16-2213, 7-16-2214, 7-16-2215, 7-16-2216, 7-16-2217, 7-16-2218, 7-16-2219, 7-16-2401, 7-16-2402,
 6 7-16-2403, 7-16-2411, 7-16-2412, 7-16-2413, 7-16-2421, 7-16-2422, 7-16-2423, 7-16-2431, 7-16-2433,
 7 7-16-2441, 7-16-2442, 7-16-2443, 7-21-3401, 7-21-3406, 7-21-3407, 7-21-3408, 7-21-3409, 7-21-3410,
 8 7-21-3412, 7-21-3413, 7-21-3421, 7-21-3422, 7-21-3423, 7-21-3424, 7-21-3425, 7-21-3426, 7-21-3427,
 9 7-21-3428, 7-21-3429, 7-21-3430, 7-21-3431, 7-21-3432, 7-21-3433, 7-21-3434, 7-21-3435, 7-21-3451,
 10 7-21-3452, 7-21-3453, 7-21-3454, 7-21-3455, 7-21-3456, 7-21-3457, 7-21-3458, 7-22-2207, 7-22-2208,
 11 7-22-2209, 7-22-2210, 7-22-2211, 7-22-2212, 7-22-2213, 7-22-2214, 7-22-2215, 7-22-2216, 7-22-2221,
 12 7-22-2222, 7-22-2223, 7-22-2224, 7-22-2225, 7-22-2226, 7-22-2231, 7-22-2232, 7-22-2233, 7-22-2401,
 13 7-22-2402, 7-22-2403, 7-22-2405, 7-22-2408, 7-22-2409, 7-22-2410, 7-22-2411, 7-22-2415, 7-22-2416,
 14 7-22-2417, 7-22-2418, 7-22-2419, 7-22-2420, 7-22-2431, 7-22-2432, 7-22-2433, 7-22-2434, 7-22-2441,
 15 7-22-2442, 7-22-2443, 7-22-2444, 7-22-2445, 7-22-2446, 7-22-2447, 7-22-2448, ~~7-33-2101, 7-33-2102,~~
 16 ~~7-33-2103, 7-33-2104, 7-33-2105, 7-33-2106, 7-33-2107, 7-33-2108, 7-33-2109, 7-33-2110, 7-33-2111,~~
 17 ~~7-33-2120, 7-33-2125, 7-33-2126, 7-33-2127, 7-33-2128, 7-33-2129, 7-33-2141, 7-33-2142, 7-33-2143,~~
 18 ~~7-33-2144, 7-34-2101, 7-34-2102, 7-34-2103, 7-34-2104, 7-34-2105, 7-34-2106, 7-34-2107, 7-34-2108,~~
 19 ~~7-34-2109, 7-34-2110, 7-34-2111, 7-34-2112, 7-34-2113, 7-34-2114, 7-34-2115, 7-34-2116, 7-34-2117,~~
 20 ~~7-34-2118, 7-34-2119, 7-34-2120, 7-34-2121, 7-34-2123, 7-34-2131, 7-34-2132, 7-34-2133, 7-34-2137,~~
 21 ~~7-34-2138, 7-34-2151, 7-34-2152, 7-34-2153, 7-34-2154, 7-34-2155, 7-34-2156, 7-34-2157, 7-34-2158,~~
 22 ~~7-34-2159, 7-34-2160, 7-34-2161, 7-34-2162, 7-34-2163, 7-34-2164,~~ 7-35-101, 7-35-102, 7-35-2101, 7-35-2102,
 23 7-35-2103, 7-35-2104, 7-35-2105, 7-35-2106, 7-35-2107, 7-35-2108, 7-35-2109, 7-35-2110, 7-35-2111,
 24 7-35-2112, 7-35-2113, 7-35-2114, 7-35-2115, 7-35-2116, 7-35-2121, 7-35-2122, 7-35-2123, 7-35-2124,
 25 7-35-2125, 7-35-2201, 7-35-2202, 7-35-4101, 7-35-4103, 7-35-4105, 7-35-4106, 7-35-4107, 7-35-4108, and
 26 7-35-4109, MCA, are repealed.

27

28 **NEW SECTION. Section 40. Codification instruction.** [Sections 1 through 20] are intended to be
 29 codified as an integral part of Title 7, and the provisions of Title 7 apply to [sections 1 through 20].

30

NEW SECTION. **Section 41. Codification instruction.** [Section 21] is intended to be codified as an integral part of Title 22, chapter 1, part 7, and the provisions of Title 22, chapter 1, part 7, apply to [section 21].

NEW SECTION. **Section 42. Saving clause.** [Sections 1 through 20] do not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before July 1, 2009.

NEW SECTION. Section 43. Transition. By July 1, 2015, in accordance with the provisions of [section 40], a legal description and boundary map for each special district, as defined in [section 2], in existence on [the effective date of this act] must be completed and submitted to the department of revenue by the governing body that created the special district. (1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (2), A SPECIAL DISTRICT IN EXISTENCE ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] MUST COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTIONS 1 THROUGH 20] UPON ALTERATION OF ITS BOUNDARIES OR A CHANGE IN ITS AMOUNT OR METHOD OF ASSESSMENT. IF DISSOLUTION IS PROPOSED FOR A SPECIAL DISTRICT IN EXISTENCE ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT], THE PROPOSAL IS SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 20].

(2) A SPECIAL DISTRICT IN EXISTENCE ON [THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT] IS REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF [SECTION 10] ONLY UPON ALTERATION OF ITS BOUNDARIES.

NEW SECTION. Section 44. Effective date. [This act] is effective July 1, 2009.

- END -